

Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية "الراي"

8 pages today

AMMAN, TUESDAY MAY 29, 1979 — RAJAB 3, 1399

Numeiri reshuffles Sudan's cabinet

KHARTOUM, May 28 (R) — Sudan's minister of cooperatives, trade and supply, Dr. Mohamed Hashim Awad, has been dropped from the cabinet in a reshuffle reported today by the official Sudan News Agency, SUNA. The agency said that President Jaafar Numeiri had appointed Chief of Staff Gen. Abdul Majid Hamid Khalil as minister of defence. The junior minister of finance Farouq Almagboul was to replace the ousted Dr. Awad. Dr. Awad had held the post for four years. Four months ago he was given extra responsibility for commerce and supplies. His dismissal followed an announcement last night by President Numeiri of big price rises for sugar, cigarettes and alcoholic drinks. The president also announced a new defence tax of five per cent on all imports.

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

in eastern Mediterranean

(Agencies)—Athens observatory recorded a 6.5 magnitude earthquake in the eastern Mediterranean between north Turkey and Cyprus today. Police in Athens said there were no casualties in Greek islands lying close to the centre of the quake which was 690 kilometres south of the coast of Turkey and Cyprus also were felt in northern Syria. No reports of damage from the tremors, which on the ten-point Richter scale, according to institute in Tel Aviv.

bomb explodes in Haifa

Day 28 (Agencies)—A bomb exploded in the southern Lebanese port city of Tyre and the surrounding areas. At least six shells slammed into the ancient port city, a Palestinian stronghold, and the state-run Beirut Radio said they included anti-personnel cluster bombs. Two landed on the outskirts of a Palestinian refugee camp, two in an archaeological site and two in the port area.

As the artillery duel spread to inland areas, three Israeli planes flew over the city and two Israeli gunboats cruised offshore, but they did not open fire. Local residents said more than 40,000 of the 50,000 inhabitants of Tyre had fled the city because of shelling over the past few weeks.

The Palestine News Agency (WAPA) reported that Israeli and right-wing Lebanese militia forces shelled four rural villages near the market town of Nabatieh, 30 kilometres north-east of Tyre. Palestinian forces in the area retaliated with an artillery barrage against militia positions near the border with Israel.

A senior U.N. spokesman in Beirut denied a report from Israel which suggested that Palestinian forces were firing heavy artillery barrages from areas patrolled by the U.N. forces (UNIFIL).

The spokesman told Reuters: "To the best of our knowledge, there are no such batteries anywhere in the UNIFIL zone of operations."

"We believe such reports are part of a continuing campaign to discredit the neutrality of UNIFIL."

PLO leader Yasser Arafat has appealed to Arab countries to give the Lebanese and Palestinian people greater support in what he called their struggle against Israel's "vicious, criminal aggression." WAPA reported tonight.

WAPA said Mr. Arafat sent urgent telegrams to Arab kings and presidents yesterday saying that Israel had used its latest American weapons in attacks on Lebanese territory over the last 40 days.

Israel today set free 16 Arab prisoners as a peace process with Egypt. The release of the prisoners resulted from the opening of open borders between Egypt and Israel.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin said in the Sinai desert town of Al Arish, there were two days after the area was handed back to the Israel-Egypt peace treaty. Israel still has about 2,600 prisoners in what is a category.

man said 10 of those released had been held in detention—meaning prison without trial. The 10 were from homes on the West Bank of Jordan, the rest were from Sinai and Gaza regions.

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AMMAN, May 28 (JNA)—His Majesty King Hussein received at the Royal Court here today the visiting Malaysian Minister of Foreign Affairs Tengku Ahmad Rithauddeen. They discussed ways of increasing Malaysian cooperation and the strengthening of bilateral relations. Earlier today, Mr. Rithauddeen had talks with Prime Minister Mudar Badran on the Middle East question and south east Asia as well as ways of promoting Jordanian-Malaysian cooperations in economic and cultural fields. Yesterday, the Malaysian minister was received by Crown Prince Hassan and later held talks with Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Hassan Ibrahim. The two foreign ministers reviewed Middle East developments and the adverse effects on the region due to the signing of the Egyptian-Israeli separate peace treaty. Mr. Rithauddeen arrived here on Saturday for a four-day visit.

Arab criticism of autonomy mounts

BEIRUT, May 28 (Agencies)—Arab criticism of Egyptian President Anwar Sadat mounted today following the announcement of open borders between Egypt and Israel and the opening of U.S.-Egyptian-Israeli talks on Palestinian autonomy.

Jordan, which has the longest Arab border with Israel and from which Israel captured the West Bank in the 1967 Middle East war, said the proposed autonomy plan was "meaningless."

"As long as Israeli leaders insist on retaining the whole of Jerusalem as their capital and on continuing to build Jewish settlements in occupied Arab territories, the proposed autonomy plan means nothing," Speaker of the Upper House of parliament Bahjat Talhouni said.

Jordan, Mr. Talhouni said in a press statement, wants total Israeli withdrawal from war-won Arab regions, including occupied Jerusalem, and realisation of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people as essential conditions of a comprehensive peace settlement.

Syria and the PLO said no autonomy plan was acceptable to the Arab World without the participation of the real parties involved. "The U.S. policy is aimed at consolidating Israeli occupation of Arab territories and liquidating the Palestine cause," said Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam.

He said a comprehensive Middle East peace settlement can be reached only through negotiations at the United Nations with all other parties concerned present.

These are, he said in a statement, Syria, Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

The PLO rejected the autonomy proposals on the grounds that neither President Carter, President Sadat nor Mr. Begin had any

"legal or otherwise" right to speak for the Palestinians.

Saudi Arabian newspapers called for direct talks with the PLO as the legitimate representative of the Palestinians.

Without recognition of the PLO and negotiations with the PLO, there can be no acceptable self-rule for the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza and the those in Diaspora, the daily Al Jazira said.

The Algerian government daily Al Moudjahid dismissed Israel's withdrawal from the Sinai town of Al Arish, saying that Israel would now describe this move as a major concession, with the aim of discouraging any substantial demand on the basic problems of Palestine.

The daily said U.S. President Jimmy Carter was shackled by the American Zionist lobby.

Mr. Carter, "who had appeared a brave man when elected, does not even dare to mention in public or clearly the national rights of the Palestinian people," it went on.

On the announcement of opening borders between Egypt and Israel, the Saudi daily Al Riyadh denounced the move as "another big concession" from President Sadat.

The paper said "Israel certainly received more than it expected from the Arab World."

The Kuwaiti daily Al Rai Al Aam commented: "Sadat opened the Egyptian borders without war to the enemy who could not open it through war."

Iraq's ruling Baath Party newspaper Al Thawra condemned the opening of the border between Egypt and Israel as an insult to the Arab nation. It said President Sadat's action was "a flagrant step along the glaring and shameful way of treason he has followed."

Dr. Stein said. Pieces of clothing, jewelry, belts and wallets have been gathered up and taken to a separate investigation unit, he said. Sometimes the clue is as small as a label inside a woman's blouse, Mr. Mandich said.

Operators of DC-10s may simply replace the existing bolts with new ones, returning the plane to service within hours, or submit the removed bolts to careful testing and recycle them if they are satisfactory, Mr. Bond said.

Meanwhile, experts trying to identify the crash, broken remains of passengers on the ill-fated flight 191 say some victims may never be identified.

"You usually use fingerprints, dental records, and after that clothing," Chicago-Area FBI spokesman George Mandich said. "But there isn't much left out there."

Cook County medical examiner Dr. Robert Stein said many of the victims were so badly dismembered and burned that fingerprinting may be impossible. "There are bodies there which may never be identified," he said.

Dozens of medical and dental experts have been flown in from across the country, including a 12-member FBI disaster squad of fingerprint experts and Dr. Lowell Levine, a New York dental identification expert.

Dr. Stein said dental records will be used in most of the cases, but he feared that many teeth were destroyed when the plane, bound for Los Angeles, crashed and exploded on Friday.

The medical examiner's office has shipped daily supplies as gloves, gowns and morticians' bags to an American Airlines hangar being used as a temporary morgue. Parts of bodies have been put in 260 of the bags. "But we have not recovered 260 bodies,"

Suarez wins military support for Spain's anti-violence drive

MADRID, May 28 (R) — Prime Minister Adolfo Suarez has won the backing of Spain's military chiefs for a government drive against guerrilla violence, the government said today. The armed forces joint chiefs of staff met Mr. Suarez late last night to discuss security following two days of guerrilla killings in which 17 people died.

A government statement said today they analysed in depth the government's plan to combat terrorism, with "all present agreeing to support and endorse the package of measures."

Mr. Suarez summoned the generals after eight people were killed and 39 injured in a Saturday night bomb attack on a Madrid cafe. The day before, guerrillas of the Basque separatist organisation ETA murdered three senior army officers and their driver.

The attacks led to demands by right-wing newspapers for the government's resignation. Ultra-

Rightist demonstrators called for the army to take power.

Two days after the cafe blast, the worst bomb outrage in Spain for five years, the identity of those responsible was still unclear. An anonymous telephone caller yesterday told a regional newspaper that ETA planted the bomb but this was denied by a second caller also claiming to speak for the group.

Police sources said ETA or the leftist urban guerrilla organisation GRAPO (October First Anti-Fascist Resistance Groups) may have been responsible.

Both groups have recently stepped up attacks. Last Friday a police inspector and a bystander were killed in a gunbattle with GRAPO suspects in Seville and on Saturday, near the eastern town of Teruel, paramilitary civil guards shot dead two alleged GRAPO members at a road block.



Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin shakes hands with President Anwar Sadat of Egypt as U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance applauds. The two met on Sunday in Al Arish for the first time since the town was turned over to Egypt after 13 years of Israeli occupation. The bearded man in the background is Dr. Elihu Ben Elissar, director of the Israeli premier's office. (AP wirephoto)

Iran rulers decide against the house of the assembly elections

(Agencies)—The statement ruling out assembly elections—a key part of the authorities' original revolutionary programme—was made by Interior Minister Ahmad Sadr Haj Sayed Javadi in a report by the Tehran newspaper Bamdad.

"Now that no constituent assembly will be convened, the draft constitution will be presented to public opinion by the government," Mr. Javadi was quoted as saying.

"When people have expressed their views and ideas, the government will take any suggestions into account and afterwards put the text to a plebiscite," he added.

The promise to hold elections for a constitutional assembly was first made by Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini when he announced the formation of a provisional government here last Feb. 6. It has since been repeated several times by Prime Minister Mehdi Bazzargan.

Deputy Interior Minister Sadeq Tabataba'i was today quoted by the Tehran afternoon newspaper Kayhan as saying that it would have taken months to convene the constituent assembly as originally planned.

As Ayatollah Khomeini had ordered the government to call an assembly to discuss the constitutional proposals as soon as possible, representatives from Iran's provinces and religious minorities would be chosen, he added.

Iran said certain to join 88-nation non-aligned group

COLOMBO, May 28 (R)—Iran is almost certain to apply for membership of the 88 country non-aligned movement, diplomatic sources said today.

They said that membership procedures had been explained to Iran at its request by a number of friendly countries and all that remained was for a formal application to be made when foreign ministers of the movement meet in Colombo next month.

Applications for membership had already been received from Surinam, Pakistan and Grenada, the sources said.

The foreign ministers, who will begin meeting on June 6, will concentrate on political, economic, procedural and cultural matters. They meet regularly as the coordinating bureau and will then report to the non-aligned summit due to be held in Havana in September.

U.S. grounds all DC-10s

WASHINGTON, May 28 (Agencies)—The U.S. Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) today ordered all U.S.-registered DC-10 airliners grounded from 0700 GMT tomorrow.

The agency said airlines would be permitted to put the jets back in

service as soon as they have inspected an engine bolt held to be a contributory factor in a crash on Friday at Chicago's O'Hare International Airport in which 273 people died.

FAA Director Langhorne Bond said he was urging foreign governments to follow the same procedure, but he had no authority to compel them to do so.

"In the past we have found that foreign governments follow very closely our advice when an aircraft of American design or an American accident are involved," Mr. Bond said.

Mr. Bond said 134 U.S.-registered planes were involved. The Chicago crash, worst in U.S. aviation history, came shortly after the American Airlines DC-10 took off. The plane's left engine tore loose from the wing and the jet crashed near a caravan park, killing all 271 people aboard and two men on the ground.

Mr. Bond said it was the FAA's view that while the bolt, one of four in the engine attachment assembly, caused the engine to part from the wing, the agency had not yet determined whether loss of the engine was the sole cause of the accident.

"I want to hasten to say that I'm not sure this accident was caused by this bolt," he said.

Asked why he was not grounding all of the aircraft immediately instead of waiting more than 12 hours, he replied:

"Our risk analysis indicates we need not impose grounding of the planes before midnight (Pacific time) tonight."

He noted that American Airlines and some other U.S. carriers that fly DC-10s, manufactured by McDonnell Douglas, have already begun the inspections. Those planes whose engine attachment bolts pass the scrutiny will be allowed to continue flying.

Mr. Bond declined to estimate how long it would take for the air-

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Jordan Times

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 P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan
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 The Jordan Times is published daily except Mondays.
 Advertising and subscription rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

Camp David bomb

IF ISRAEL today has the self-satisfied look of the cat who ate the canary, it is for good reason. The Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty has produced its first tangible victory for Israel—the declaration of an "open border" with its most powerful Arab neighbour — and there are many more victories for the Israelis still to anticipate as "Admiral" Sadat's capitulation becomes more and more complete.

Now that the Arab right arm has been securely arrayed in Zionist armour, it is worth looking at one of the less-publicised prospective offspring of the Israeli-Egyptian marriage arranged by Deacon Carter.

This is the very real likelihood that Israel and Egypt will pool their resources to become the Middle East's first nuclear power.

That Israel has the nuclear technology capable of producing an atomic weapon tomorrow if not in the near future is no longer doubted. That it has arrogated to itself the right to produce such a weapon against the will of the international community is also historical fact. Last November, Israel was the lone abstention in a 119-0 vote of the U.N. Disarmament Committee calling for a nuclear "free zone" in the Middle East, in which all states would refrain on a reciprocal basis from acquiring or producing nuclear weapons. At the same time, the same committee, comprising all the members of the U.N., voted 68-24, with 33 abstentions, to ask all states to refrain from supplying Israel with arms, ammunition and military equipment — and particularly to deny it nuclear material and technology.

None of this, of course, has deterred the Israelis, who can now look to Egypt as a potential market for their nuclear technology — perhaps with the aim of jointly developing a "Camp David" bomb with which they could defend themselves, and Israel's other present and future territorial conquests in the region, against any who would challenge their "security". One prefers not to think what the volatile combination of Zionist aggression, Israeli paranoia and Egyptian arrogance would choose to do with such a weapon.

Israel, which has been looking for a site for nuclear research within its own "boundaries", has already proposed to build a nuclear power plant in Sinai: at the same time, Egypt has been looking for access to nuclear technology, but has not up to now been able to acquire it from the U.S. or elsewhere.

One of the most sordid aspects of this frightening prospect is that Israel could acquire the enriched uranium it would need for its nuclear programme from South Africa, with which the Zionist state has strong ties. Thus, in collaborating with Israel, Egypt would be committing a great crime not only against its fellow Arab countries, but against its fellow African countries as well. The two countries would qualify, with South Africa, as international outlaws. This is not just some fanciful scenario or future nightmare. It is the kind of terrifying reality that we are going to have to get used to — and ultimately do something about — as the Egyptian-Israeli union comes into force.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I MONDAY ridicules President Sadat's recurrent affirmation that there will be no more wars between the Arabs and Israel and that the October 1977 war will be the last, pointing out that Israel's incessant aggressions on Lebanon tend to disprove Mr. Sadat's allegations.

If the war which Israel is waging in Lebanon is not a war "then what does constitute war according to Sadat's criteria?" the paper asks.

Commenting on the hand-over of Al Arish to Egypt, and the unfriendly reception with which the Israeli delegation was met by the Egyptian people of the town, AL DUSTOUR says that this exposes the "phony Egyptian referendum on how the Egyptian people feel toward Israel and their attitude to the concessions made in their name to Israel."

The joy of the Egyptians over the return of Al Arish is mixed with bitterness and anger due to the fact that Mr. Sadat has committed Egypt to pay heavily for the peace he concluded with Israel, the paper says.

Mr. Sadat has sold out the Palestinian cause and turned his back on the Islamic shrines in Palestine for which the Egyptian people have sacrificed thousands of martyrs, the paper adds.

The paper lashes out at the Egyptian president for opening the borders of his country with Israel before Israel had completed the first stage of its withdrawal, and says that Mr. Sadat has exceeded his authority. The premature opening of the borders violates the provisions of the treaty which he signed with Israel, the paper says.

In conclusion, the paper calls on the Arabs to draw up an alternative programme of action which would take the whole issue out of Mr. Sadat's hands.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Photo Exhibit

The French Cultural Centre presents an exhibit of photos on Provence, which is open during regular hours.

Batik Exhibit

The Ministry of Culture and Youth presents an exhibition of batik by various artists at the Art Gallery. The exhibit is open from 9:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m. and 3:30 to 7:00 p.m.

Painting Exhibit

The British Council presents an exhibition entitled "Themes in Coffee" by Suhail Bisharat. Open during regular hours.

Union expels Maritime Academy board all but 2 Egyptian universities to decide new HQ venue

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — The council of the union of Arab universities which ended an emergency meeting in Baghdad last night decided to suspend the membership of Egypt's universities in the union except for the universities of Asyut and Alexandria, a spokesman for the Jordanian delegation attending the meeting said in a statement upon its return to Amman last night.

He said the two universities were singled out due to "the positive attitude of their teaching staff and students, and that the suspension of the other universities will be cancelled if they adopt a positive attitude."

The union decided to continue employing Egyptian teachers at Arab universities but named Baghdad as the new venue for the union's general secretariat.

Furthermore, the council denounced Israeli harassment of Arab universities in the occupied Arab territories, the detention of students and the constant attacks by Israeli troops of university campuses. The council also decided to hold contacts with Arab and international organisations to brief them on Israel's oppressive measures against Arab universities.

President of Lebanon's journalists assoc. arrives

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — The president of Lebanon's Association of Journalists, Mr. Riad Taha, arrived here today for a several-day visit to Jordan. He will have talks with information officials and representatives of the Jordanian press on current regional issues.

In a statement upon arrival, Mr. Taha referred to the dangers the Arab nation faces and said that Jordan has an important role to play at this stage, and with Syria and Lebanon stands vigilant and prepared to confront dangers. He also lauded the stand of His Majesty King Hussein in serving the Arab causes.

Later today, Mr. Taha met with the president of the Jordanian Press Association, Mr. Rakan Al Majali, and discussed aspects of cooperation between the Jordanian and Lebanese press associations.

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — The board of directors of the Arab Maritime Transport Academy started a three-day extraordinary meeting here today. The main subject to be discussed by the delegates, who represent 13 Arab states, is the suspension of Egypt's membership in the academy and the transfer of its headquarters from Alexandria, Egypt to another Arab country.

The delegates will also recall students currently studying at the academy and will call on Arab states to meet their commitments to support the setting up of the new headquarters of the academy.

Mayor briefs Queen on development plans for Amman

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — Her Majesty Queen Noor was briefed by the mayor of Amman Mr. Ma'n Abu Nuwar today on the municipality's schemes for the development of cultural, social and sports centres in the capital.

She also met with officials at the municipality to discuss plans for establishing Amman's commercial centre. Later, accompanied by Mr. Abu Nuwar and other officials, the Queen toured social and cultural centres in Marka, Jabal Nasr and Abdali as well as parks in Jabal Luweidheh and Ras Al Ain.

NCC discusses situation of agriculture

AMMAN, May 28 (J.T.) — The National Consultative Council (NCC) held an ordinary session today under the chairmanship of its president, Mr. Ahmad Al Lawzi, during which it discussed the present agricultural situation in the kingdom which is affected by the past five years of low rainfall.

The NCC listened to a report by Agriculture Minister Hikmat Al Saket and, after "four hours" of deliberations during which 20 council members spoke, decided to postpone the discussion until next week's session.

Attending the session were Prime Minister Mudar Badran and the ministers.

Jordan Hotel changes exit, entrance drives

AMMAN, May 28 (J.T.) — The Jordan Intercontinental Hotel will close its entry drive within a few days. Cars will be able to enter the hotel parking area via a temporary entrance that has been built next to the existing exit.

The change will be in effect for about six months while workers renovate the hotel. One of the modifications to be made is the construction of a new entrance next to Lubna pharmacy. Also, a bank will be built in the centre of the parking lot, the ground floor of hotel will be extended over the driveway and three palm trees will be transplanted from the parking lot to the pool area.

Visitors who have difficulty finding a parking place while the driveway is being ripped up can park their cars in the lot immediately west of the hotel parking area, behind the Alia office and post office. The entry drive being closed will reopen in six months, but will be rerouted through the parking area to curve around the bank and past the new entry to the lobby.

House Speaker visits N. Korea

TOKYO, May 28 (R) — North Korean President Kim Il Sung yesterday received a Jordanian parliamentary delegation headed by Bahjat Al Talhouni, Speaker of the Upper House, now on a goodwill visit to North Korea, the (North) Korean Central News Agency reported today.

Arrangements made for use of bridges this summer

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — The minister of the interior has submitted to the prime minister for approval arrangements for travel across the bridges between the East and West Banks during the current summer season. The under-secretary of the ministry said these arrangements would be effective as of June 3.

He added that the committee which compiled the arrangements had taken into consideration the removal of all obstacles that might delay the travel of visitors between the two banks.

According to the plan, the two bridges will be open daily from 7:30 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. with the exception of Fridays when the bridges will close at 12 noon. The arrangements will allow the entry of 2,250 visitors a day across King Hussein bridge and 1,800 visitors across Prince Mohammad bridge.

Tourists, however, will be allowed entry all week long in unlimited numbers, with the exception of Fridays when 250 tourists only will be permitted entry.

Jordan, Czechoslovakia sign trade, cooperation protocols

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — Jordan and Czechoslovakia have signed a protocol for boosting the volume of trade between them, especially the exportation of Jordanian phosphate to Czechoslovakia, the under-secretary of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce, Dr. Hashem Dabbas, said here last night.

Speaking upon return from a week-long visit to Prague at the head of an official delegation, Dr. Dabbas said a Czechoslovak delegation will arrive here during the second half of this year to conclude a long term agreement for the purchase of Jordanian phosphate next year.

The two sides also agreed on the establishment of joint projects for the manufacture of pumps, other irrigation equipment, air compressors, machines used in the moulding of metal and ceramics, Dr. Dabbas said.

Furthermore, the Czechoslovak government has agreed to participate in Jordan's cement industry and expressed willingness to finance part of the five-year

economic plan, particularly the direction of electricity projects, electrification of rural areas, providing training, equipment needed at vocational centres, Dabbas added.

He said the two sides agreed the visit of Czechoslovak technical experts to Jordan to determine the country's needs in geological field, and on the visit of Jordanian technicians to Czechoslovakia to spend limited periods at factories there.

New House member sworn in

AMMAN, May 28 (JNA) — A new member of the Upper House of Parliament, Mr. Fadi Al-Qamuni, was sworn in today during the House's fifth session. The House also held a constitutional discussion of a list of subjects.

The next session will be the end of next June.

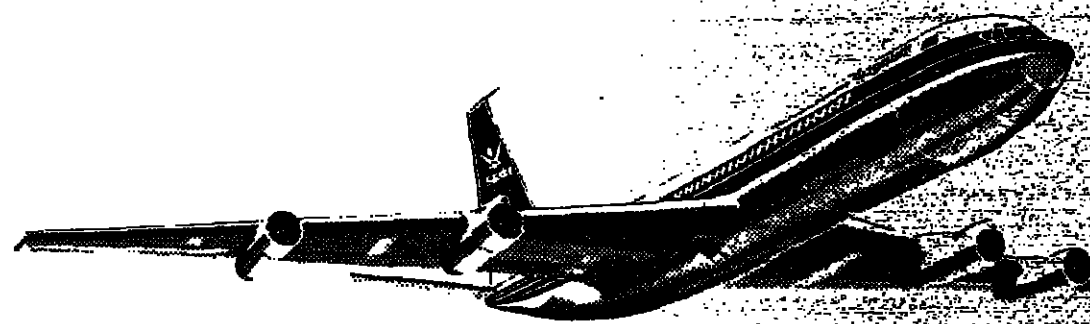


The Arab College, a two year college in Amman, held its annual sports day Monday. The activities were held on the grounds of what is to become the college's permanent site on Tla' Al Ahi road near the Middle East Hotel. Action started at 3:30 p.m. and ended at sundown. Present were members of the board of directors of the College, including Chairman of the Board, Mr. M.N. Armouti and

Dean of the College Dr. Abdul Rahman Adas. College intends to build a new building on the site where the games were played today. It now sits out of rented buildings. Games included of war, sports, folkloric dances and a martial demonstration. The events were attended by a 3,000 audience. The incident today's number 1,800. (Photo-Youssef Alan)

EVERY DAY IS SAUDIA DAY FROM AMMAN

DAY	TO	TIME
SATURDAY	RIYADH / DHAHRAN	13,45
SUNDAY	RIYADH / DHAHRAN	13,45
MONDAY	JEDDAH	13,30
TUESDAY	RIYADH / DHAHRAN	13,45
WEDNESDAY	JEDDAH	20,00
THURSDAY	RIYADH / DHAHRAN	13,45
FRIDAY	MEDINA / JEDDAH	14,45



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Conference presages greater Franco-Jordanian cooperation

Sara O'Neil
The Jordan Times

May 28 -- Mr. Jacques Legendre, French Minister of Labour, ended a three-day visit to Jordan in this morning, spoke of his departure of his Jordan and France will more closely in the field of vocational training of the Jordanian

Legendre, who was here to attend the opening of a conference on vocational training and the transfer of technology, organised by the Chamber of Commerce and Industry, reiterated what he said in his opening speech at the

visit here he has been a Jordanian vocational experts to assist in the construction of the plant being built

country's development in various technological fields. A tour of the Royal Scientific Society was included in his schedule. Mr. Legendre held talks with His Highness Crown Prince Hassan (who also gave an opening speech at the conference), and both expressed a desire for the establishment of a centre in Amman for the transfer of technology to the Arab World which would be financed by the European Common Market countries.

This was Mr. Legendre's first visit to Jordan, although as a historian he has been interested in this area for a long time. His visit here was evidence of France's deep concern to strengthen its relations with Jordan, as was recently shown by the arrival in Jordan of about 300 French experts to assist in the construction of the plant being built

by the French firm Spie Batignolles for the Jordan Fertiliser Industries Company and other joint ventures. He added that the significance of the symposium is not confined to France and Jordan but extends to the whole European community and the Arab World.

The four-day conference has attracted participants from fifteen Arab countries as well as a large number from France and, of course, Jordan. Speaking range from high-ranking government officials and heads of various chambers of commerce to engineers and economists. Among the subjects so far tackled have been obstacles in the way of the transfer of technology from the developed to the developing countries and the training and reintegration of immigrant workers on return to their homeland.

A paper presented today on problems in industrial training raised a number of controversial questions from the participants. Among the points made by the

speaker (representative of the political coordination division of the U.N. Organisation for Industrial Development) were the difficulties faced by experts from

developing countries in being accepted within the Third World on an equal basis with experts from the industrialised countries. He also stressed the need for establishing regional training centres in the Third World and for more on-the-job training to be provided to the local labour force.

It is to be regretted that due to the number of papers being presented there is little time for discussion between the participants.

This is the first Franco-Arab conference of its kind to be held in Amman. To find out how this event came to be organised, the Jordan Times spoke to Mr. Michel Habib-Delencle, the president of the Franco-Arab Chamber of Commerce which is based in Paris.

Mr. Delencle, who has been president of the Franco-Arab Chamber of Commerce since it was founded in 1970, explained that the idea for the conference emanated from M. Hassan Abbas Zaki, the former Director General of the Abu Dhabi Fund and from M. Burhan Dajani, Secretary General of the Arab Union of Chambers of Commerce, Industry and Agriculture.

Mr. Delencle, impressed by a speech Crown Prince Hassan

made at a Euro-Arab dialogue in Montreux, Switzerland, last year on the very subject of technology transfer, approached him with the idea of holding the conference in Jordan. The invaluable support given by the Crown Prince has helped to surmount a number of difficulties encountered in the organisation of this event.

Jordan was chosen for "geographical and political (in the broadest sense of the word) reasons" and to show that France's interests in the Middle East do not only lie with the oil-rich countries or with those historically linked with France.

"Richness of heart and mind is not lacking here," and Mr. Legendre's presence is proof of President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing and Prime Minister Raymond Barre's personal concern in establishing closer ties with Jordan, he said.

This is the fifth conference arranged by the Franco-Arab Chamber. The first conference was held in Casablanca in 1974 and dealt with relations between industrialised countries and raw-material-producing countries. The chamber on later organised a seminar in Paris dealing

with vocational training another in Marseille in 1977 which focused on the increasing imbalance in trade relations between France and the Maghreb (Northwest Africa). The next recent conference was held in Khartoum last year, on the subject of agricultural training. As a result of this conference in Sudan, Mr. Delencle referred to as a grain basket of the Arab World resulted in a number of Franco-Arab companies opening branches in Khartoum. The next conference will be held in Tunisia later year.

Other activities organised by the Franco-Arab Chamber of Commerce include missions to Arab countries by industrialists given in Paris by representatives of various Arab countries on current economic policies.

The publication of a magazine, yearbook and news bulletins, membership of the chamber in the region of 800 (with a ratio of 6:1 in favour of the French) many registered members are individuals but chambers of commerce. Mr. Delencle is concerned that the number of individual members be increased.



Mr. Jacques Legendre, the French Minister of Labour (left), talks with the new French Ambassador to Jordan, Mr. Claude Harel, at a reception given by the ambassador in Mr. Legendre's honour. The reception was attended by the participants in the conference.

AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

Company	Par Value	Volume Traded	High	Low	Closing Price
Silicate Bricks	JD 5,000	2000	4.370	4.370	4.370
Bank	JD 5,000	694	7.550	7.550	7.550
Bank	JD 1,000	1500	1.010	1.010	1.010
Bank	JD 1,000	6000	1.170	1.170	1.170
Bank	JD 1,000	605	1.500	1.500	1.500
Bank	JD 5,000	500	6.700	6.700	6.700
Bank	JD 5,000	528	7.900	7.900	7.900
Bank	JD 1,000	3120	3.500	3.360	3.390
Bank	JD 1,000	1000	0.710	0.710	0.710
Bank	JD 5,000	158	22.660	22.600	22.660
Bank	JD 1,000	2650	0.900	0.900	0.900
Bank	JD 1,000	2381	1.420	1.410	1.410
Bank	JD 10,000	10	16.900	16.900	16.900
Bank	JD 1,000	100	0.900	0.900	0.900
Bank	JD 5,000	2300	6.700	6.690	6.700
Bank	JD 1,000	50	5.200	5.200	5.200
Bank	JD 1,000	200	0.900	0.900	0.900

Total volume traded, Monday, May 28: JD 67,682

Number of shares traded: 23,796

Investment Development Bonds

Security	Par Value	Number Traded	Volume Traded	High	Low
Security	JD 5,000	39	197	5.055	5.050
Security	JD 5,000	140	742	5.300	5.300
Security	JD 5,000	90	463	5.145	5.145
Security	JD 5,000	120	606	5.050	5.050
Security	JD 10,000	15	154	10.300	10.300
Security	JD 10,000	20	212	10.600	10.600

Volume traded: JD 2,347

Number of bonds traded: 424

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar	306.00/308.00
U.K. sterling	627.00/631.00
West German mark	159.60/160.60
Swiss franc	176.20/177.30
French franc	68.90/69.30
Italian lire	35.80/36.00
(for every 100)	
Japanese yen	139.20/140.00
(for every 100)	

TODAY'S WEATHER

There will be fine weather with northwesterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, there will be northerly fresh winds and calm seas.

	low	high
Amman	12	28
Aqaba	21	36
Deserts	15	32
Jordan Valley	18	36

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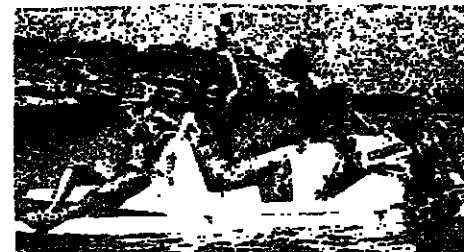
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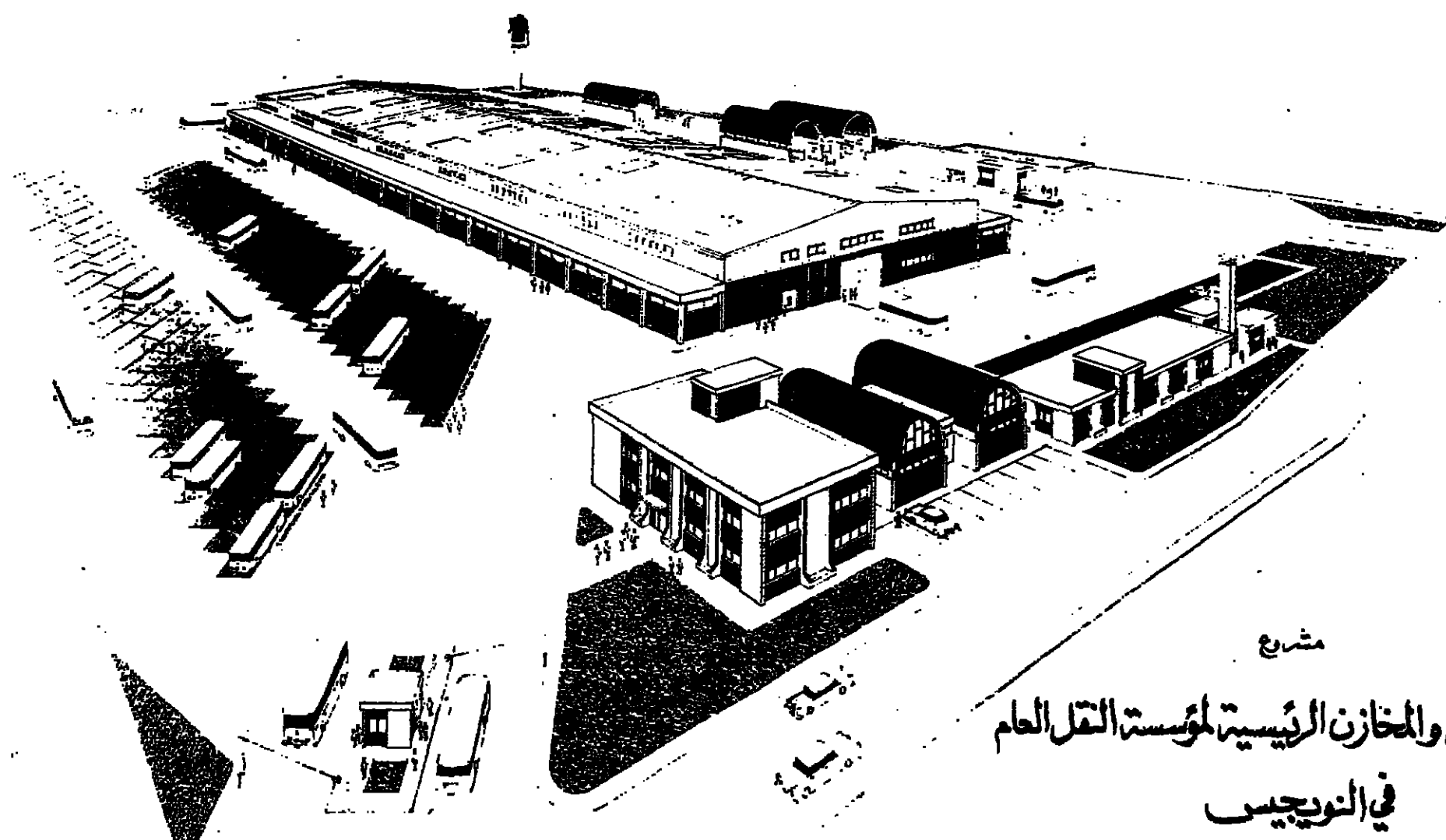
INVITATION FOR TENDER NO. 2/79 BY THE PUBLIC TRANSPORT CORPORATION FOR THE MAIN WORKSHOPS AND WAREHOUSES AT NUWAIJEES

The Public Transport Corporation at Amman invites registered 1st and 2nd contractors with the Ministry of Works, who are interested to participate in the tender for construction of the completion of the proposed workshops and warehouses at Nuwaijees which has a built-up area of thousand and one hundred (7,100) metres.

Those interested to participate in this tender shall refer to the Secretary of the Tender Committee of the Public Transport Corporation at their offices in Jabal Hussein for the purchase of the tender documents for a non-refundable fee of JD 100 for each set.

Completed tenders must be submitted to the above-mentioned office not later than 12:00 noon on Sunday July 15, 1979.

ALI HINDAWI
GENERAL DIRECTOR



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Schechter wins Monaco Grand Prix

MONTE CARLO, May 28 (R) -- South African Jody Schechter scored a narrow victory in an incident-ridden Monaco Formula One Grand Prix here yesterday, repeating his 1977 Monte Carlo win. Schechter led unchallenged in his Ferrari until near the end when Swiss Clay Regazzoni drove his Williams to within centimetres of the South African. But Regazzoni's courageous last-lap attempt to pass Schechter failed and he had to settle for second place. Only two other drivers, third-placed Carlos Reutemann of Argentina in a Lotus and Britain's John Watson, who was fourth in a McLaren, completed the 75-lap, 251.712 kilometres classic. Accidents and mechanical troubles forced all 16 other starters out. The most spectacular crash involved former world champion Niki Lauda of Austria and Frenchman Didier Pironi. As Pironi attempted to overtake Lauda's Brabham for third place, his Tyrrell reared up on top of Lauda's car and both were extensively damaged. Pironi and Lauda were unhurt. Ferrari had looked set for another one-two triumph as Canadian Gilles Villeneuve shadowed his teammate for 54 laps before dropping out with a broken transmission. Ligier, who have shared success with Ferrari throughout the previous six rounds of the championship, suffered many problems. Lead driver Jacques Laffite went out on the 57th lap with gear box troubles but Patrick Depailler, his teammate and compatriot, clawed his way into fifth place, although he stopped two laps from the end. Schechter's second successive win took him to a clear lead in the championship table, six points ahead of Laffite, with Villeneuve, Depailler and Reutemann in joint third place, a further four points adrift.

Mears outraces stars to win Indy 500

INDIANAPOLIS, Indiana, May 28 (R) -- Californian Rick Mears yesterday beat the established stars to win the "Indianapolis 500" car race at only his second attempt. Mears, 27, took the chequered flag in his Penske-Cosworth in three hours, 8 minutes, 27.97 seconds at an average speed of 255.668 kilometres per hour in the 800 kilometres race. He had almost a lap to spare over Indy 500 hero A.J. Foyt, the only four-time winner, who barely coasted across the line with the engine dead in his Parnelli-Cosworth and the 300,000 crowd roaring him on. Danny Ongais, who started 27th in a 35-car field, the biggest in 46 years, threaded his way through to finish third in another Parnelli-Cosworth. Bobby Unser, twice winner of the race, led from the

98th lap until his Penske-Cosworth engine started giving trouble with only 18 of the 200 laps to go. Unser slipped back to fourth place, followed home by Mike Mosley in an Eagle-Cosworth and Gordon Johncock, the 1973 champion, in a Penske-Cosworth. The victory will mean a big pay cheque for Mears, who gave due notice by taking the pole position in the qualifying trials. The race carried more than \$1 million in prize money. Al Unser collected \$290,000 in his 1978 win. He looked like he was going to be in the money again when he scorched into the lead at the start and stayed there, except for pit stops, till the 98th lap. He had to drop out when a transmission seal broke in his Chaparral-Cosworth and older brother Bobby took over the frontrunning. "It's a shame to have something this small put you out of the race," bemoaned Al, who dearly wanted to match Foyt's four triumphs. It was one of the safest races in years with only two mishaps. Tom Sneva and Larry Rice each hit a wall on one of the four bends in the four-kilometre oval-shaped track. Seventeen cars finished the race.

German Women's Tennis Championships

BERLIN, May 28 (AP) -- Unseeded Caroline Stoll scored her fourth upset of the tournament yesterday to capture the \$100,000 German Women's Tennis Championships with a 7-6, 6-0 win over Regina Marsikova of Czechoslovakia. The 19-year-old U.S. player won \$20,000 for her victory, her ninth in her last ten matches. Sixth-seeded Marsikova, 20, earned \$10,000 for her runnerup finish.

European Weightlifting Championships

VARNA, Bulgaria, May 28 (R) -- Gerd Bonk of East Germany won the super-heavyweight title and Yuri Zaitsev of the Soviet Union took the heavy weight championship on the final day of the European Weightlifting Championships here yesterday. Bulgaria headed the medals standings with four gold, three silver and one bronze, followed by the Soviet Union with four gold, one silver

and one bronze. The Soviet Union, who were without Bassily Alexeyev, twice winner of the Olympic super-heavyweight title, were unlucky when Rakhmanov injured himself in a clean and jerk attempt in the event and was out of the running. Earlier he had won the snatch with a lift of 195 kilograms, ten kilos more than title-winner Bonk. Bonk won championship with a total of 427.5 kilos, five kilos more than his second-placed compatriot Junger Heuser, who had matched him with 242.5 kilos in the jerk.

European Judo Championships

BRUSSELS, May 28 (R) -- Alexei Tiurin of the Soviet Union yesterday won the European open category judo title on the last day of the European Championships here. He beat Frenchman Angelo Parisi in a hard-fought final. Italy won its first gold medal of the competition in yesterday's other final, the under 60 kilos section, when Felice Mariani beat West German Helmut Grobelin. Fourteen countries shared the 32 medals awarded over four days' competition and East Germany, who dominated the sport in Europe last year, had to make do with just two bronzes. The Soviet Union topped the medals list with three gold, two silver and two bronze.

Sunday Cricket League matches

LONDON, May 28 (R) -- England opening batsman Geoff Boycott emerged as an all-rounder yesterday in Yorkshire's nine wickets win over Glamorgan in the Sunday Cricket League. Boycott took two wickets for five runs from four overs of medium-pace bowling. Then, after Glamorgan had made only 77 for eight in their allotted overs, reduced to 28 because rain delayed the start, he hit 37 not out to steer his team to victory. The win put Yorkshire joint second in the table with Essex behind leaders Gloucestershire, whose match against Leicestershire was rained off. Rain robbed Essex of joining Gloucestershire in the lead.

Needing to score only 23 off a minimum of ten overs to beat Surrey on superior run-rate, they were 25 for one after the fourth ball of the tenth over. But heavy rain then ended the match and Essex earned only two points instead of four. Derek Underwood, former England left-arm spinner, took four wickets for 12 runs in four overs to help Kent beat Hampshire by 20 runs in a match reduced to 20 overs a side because of the rain.

Spaniards claim world omelette record

BEASAIN, Spain, May 28 (R) -- Inhabitants of this northern Basque town hired a crane yesterday to turn over a giant 250 kilogramme omelette which they said set a world record. They had tried to make a one 'omelette but the stand collapsed and 200 kilos were spilled. The ingredients, cooked in two metres-wide pan, were: 750 kilos of potatoes, 5,040 eggs, 50 kilos of onions and ten kilos of salt.

S. African ends snake ordeal at 50 days

HARTBEESPORT DAM, South Africa, May 28 (R) -- Cabinetmaker Peter Snyman yesterday stepped unscathed and triumphant from a small glass and brick cage in a snake pen, after spending 50 days surrounded by some of the world's deadliest snakes. Mr. Snyman, 25, broke by 14 days the world record for living with poisonous snakes set by fellow South African David Kruger four years ago. "Thank God that's over. I couldn't have taken another day," Mr. Snyman said, emerging blinking from the dark, three-metre by 2.43-metre cage. Mr. Snyman, an amateur snake collector since childhood, had for companions during his seven-week confinement six black mambas, six Egyptian cobras, six puff adders and six boomslang (tree snakes). "The mambas gave me the most trouble. I had to watch them all the time because they are a very jumpy kind of snake and when they strike, you only take a minute to die," he said. Strict regulations covering the world record attempt demanded that at least 22 snakes, including six mambas, be present at all times. But Mr. Snyman, who spent most of his time lying on a bed in the cage, seemed unmolested by the crowds of sightseers who flocked to the snake pen to see him. "I was getting very nervous and excitable to watch the snakes and just tried to concentrate on my books," he said. "The snakes escape had been when a mamba bit into the pillow next to my head after being disturbed by visitors outside the cage. I then first fully realised the danger when I saw the two bloodstains of venom on the pillow," he said. Mr. Snyman was allowed out of the cage for a total of 30 minutes each day. He averaged four hours sleep a night and ate all his meals in the cage.

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Jordan's trees persevere

Text and photos
By Lee S. Tesdell

Special to the Jordan Times
AMMAN, May 13. -- Are there trees in Jordan? Yes, and some very nice ones indeed. Jordan has some trees that have survived the ravages of nature and the negligence of men for several centuries.

Nearly everyone living in the Amman-Zarqa urban area knows the place to picnic on Friday, whether it be Dibbin National Park or a nice grove of trees near Zai or along Wadi Shueib. City dwellers' love of picnicking is what makes Jordan's forests, trees and green areas so precious if only because they are so sparse. Historians know that Jordan was once much greener; various groups of people and goats as well as nature itself have been blamed for the sad fate of Jordan's trees.

The Department of Forestry at the Ministry of Agriculture headed by Dr. Abdurrahim Talli, is making an effort to check this trend and make Jordan's hills verdant again through afforestation programmes.

One project is the Wadi Tell forest which can be seen north of Baqa on the west side of the highway to Jarash. The site covers about 1,000 hectares, and after five seasons of growth, a budding forest is beginning to emerge. The total output of Jordan's tree nurseries is about 5 million seedlings a year. One nursery the Jordan Times visited recently has a capacity of 300,000 annually. The nursery, 'Ain Jamla, in the shadow of the Dibbin Forest, was established in the 1950's.

About 60-70 per cent of nursery tree production in Jordan is the pine (*Pinus pinea*) or snobar. Other commonly grown trees are Cupressus, Carolina, eucalyptus and acacia. Oak trees are not being cultivated although they are native to Jordan and are a species which has suffered heavily under the axe and the herd. One ministry official believes that broadleaf trees should be raised at nurseries as well.

The ministry has also planted acacia and eucalyptus along some of Jordan's highways notably on the road to Jarash from Amman and along the Aqaba highway between Amman and the Madaba crossroads. This is no doubt appreciated by motorists who stream out of Amman every weekend.

The effect of extensive tree cover on the natural environment is not simply aesthetic, however. Tree cover prevents soil erosion, promotes water conservation on hillsides, provides shade in summer, not to mention the economic benefits of fruit tree cultivation.

But as the trees grow they attract picnickers. As a result, Jordan's forests are menaced by a very serious problem, fire. Last year the Jordan Times reported a fire which destroyed a large number of pines along the Amman-Salt highway. On a recent visit to Dibbin forest evidence of several recent forest fires was to be seen. Although the Department of Forestry has made an attempt at educating the public, many picnickers are not sufficiently careful about their cooking fires on Friday outings. Nearly every family likes to cook food outdoors on an open fire, which is very dangerous. Often the fires are left smouldering only to flare up later.

Ministry officials are trying to get the message across to the public that they should refrain from building fires in the first place. If they insist on a fire, they must watch it carefully and make sure it is extinguished before they leave the site.

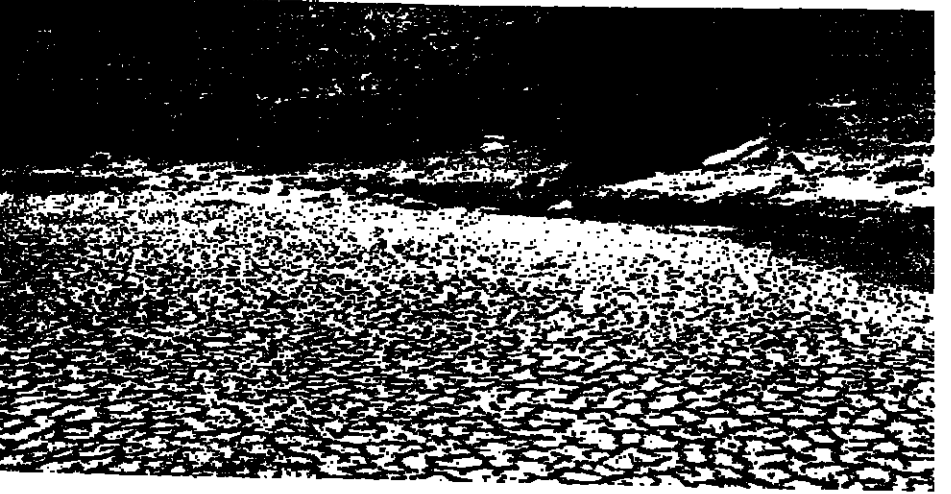
A related menace which the public must be made aware of is throwing cigarette butts from car windows. The fire last year on the highway to Salt was most probably caused in that way. Jordan's trees are too precious for us to lose them so carelessly.

Another forestry problem is overgrazing. Many Middle Eastern countries have had precious young forests destroyed by voracious goats and sheep. Evidence of overgrazing is to be seen easily in Jordan. In several areas north of Amman where land was fenced off several years ago, natural vegetation has begun to appear.

One should visit the 250 year old *Pinus pinea* (snobar) whose shade King Abdullah used to enjoy. It will be a challenge to find, though many people know where it is, but one must be careful not to start an open fire there. It is a part of Jordan's forestry heritage which is too good to lose.



Beautiful trees about mountains. This view from the shelter reveals several fruit or nut trees or slope. Among them are walnuts, apricots, plums.



Siltation at the head of King Talal Dam Reservoir. Proper land and water conservation afforestation can prevent this result of soil erosion.



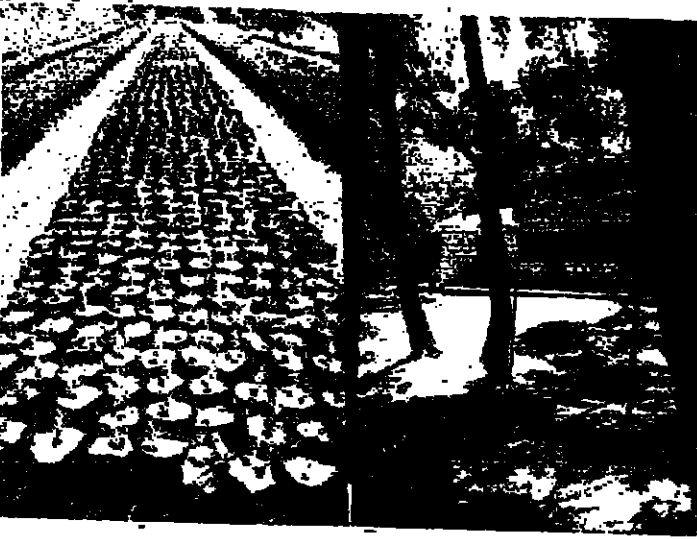
This pistachio tree, well-known to Jordan's television viewers, is thought to be at least 800 years old. The pistachio (*Pistacia atlantica*), locally called 'Butm' is a hardy deciduous. The tree, located in Wadi Butm at Qasr Amra, may possibly be as old as a desert recreational retreat by an Umayyad prince. The site can be reached by desert road via Sahad and Qasr Kharana or from Azraq to the northeast. It is thought that there are about 200 pistachio trees in Wadi Butm. Old trees in Jordan are often seen to be scarred or hollowed by fire. Because shade is highly valued by all of us in Jordan it is recommended not to make fires under trees for any reason. Tea and coffee are more easily made at home and kept in a thermos bottle. Such trees as these are certainly an important part of Jordan's heritage and deserve our respect and care. (Photo R. Becher)



Scourge of forests: goats. Unlimited grazing by goats has been a problem in Jordan's forests for centuries.



Afforestation in the Wadi Tell forest just north of Baqa. The trees have five years growth.



Jordan's tree nurseries produce 5 million seedlings annually. This one at 'Ain Jamla, near Dibbin, is producing about 200,000 seedlings this year, though its capacity is 300,000.

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Jordan Electricity Authority announces the closing date of tender no. 33/78 2:00 noon, June 25, 1979.

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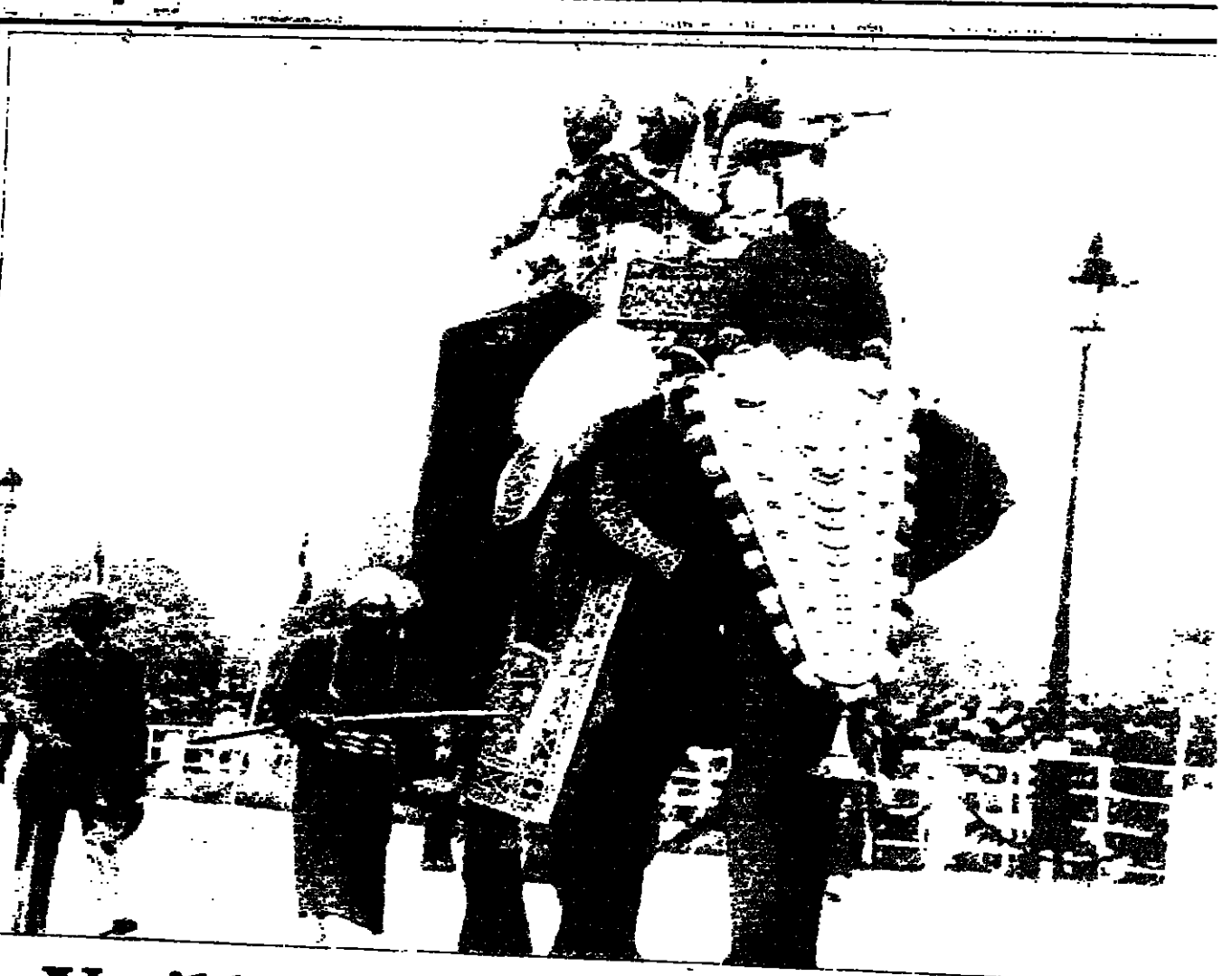
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 - Name, address, country and date of incorporation and type of firm.
 - Name of principals and key employees of firm, including professional specialties and brief bio-data.
 - List of contracts underway or completed by firm in last five years of similar type to services under consideration, with brief description, location, name of owner, total cost and type of services provided.
 - Provide name and address of firm's bankers or other credit reference.
 - Any additional information which will demonstrate the degree of qualification of firm for services under consideration.
3. Prequalification data shall be submitted not later than 12:00 a.m. (noon) on July 10, 1979 to:

Director General
Radio Jordan
P.O. Box 909
Amman, Jordan.



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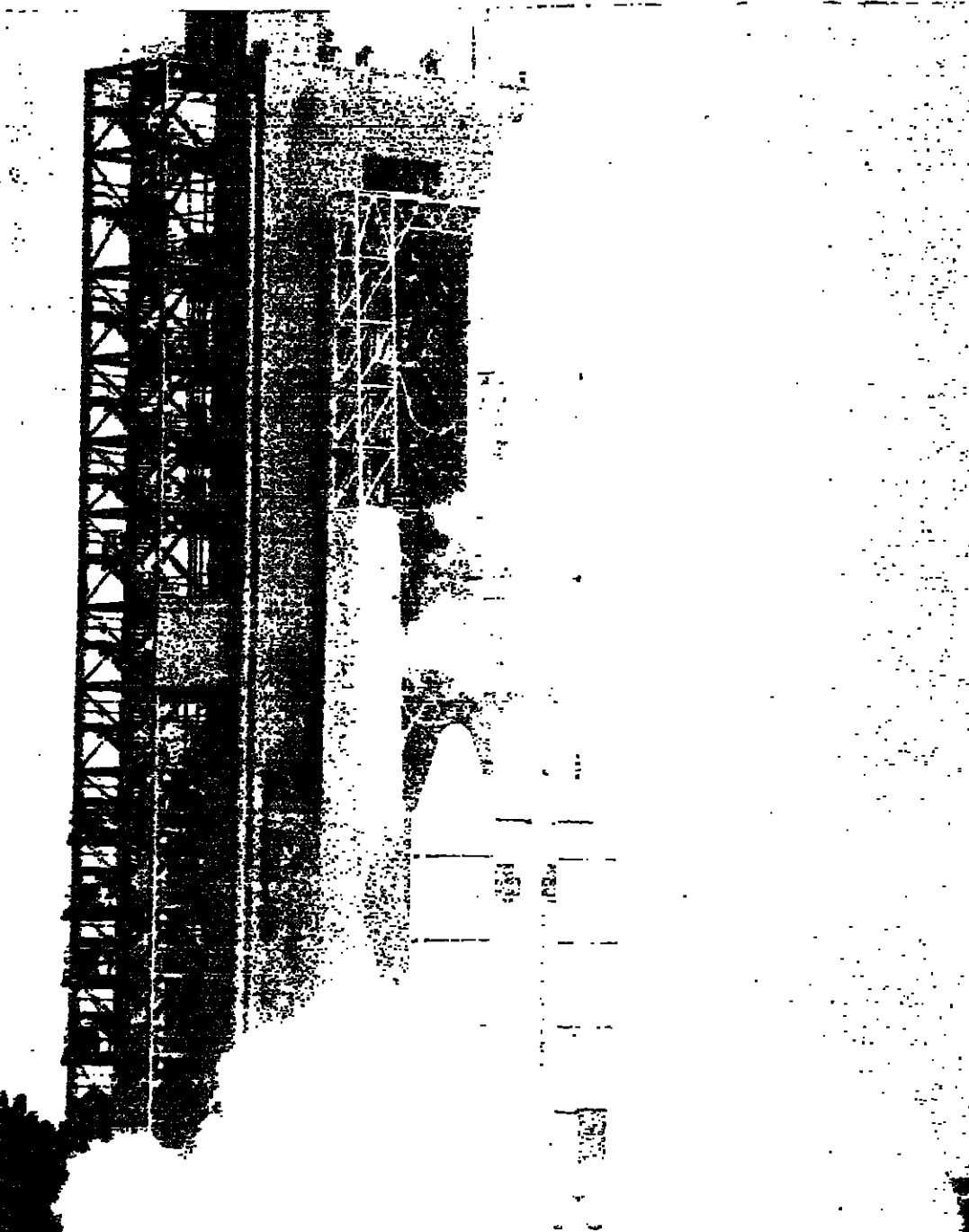
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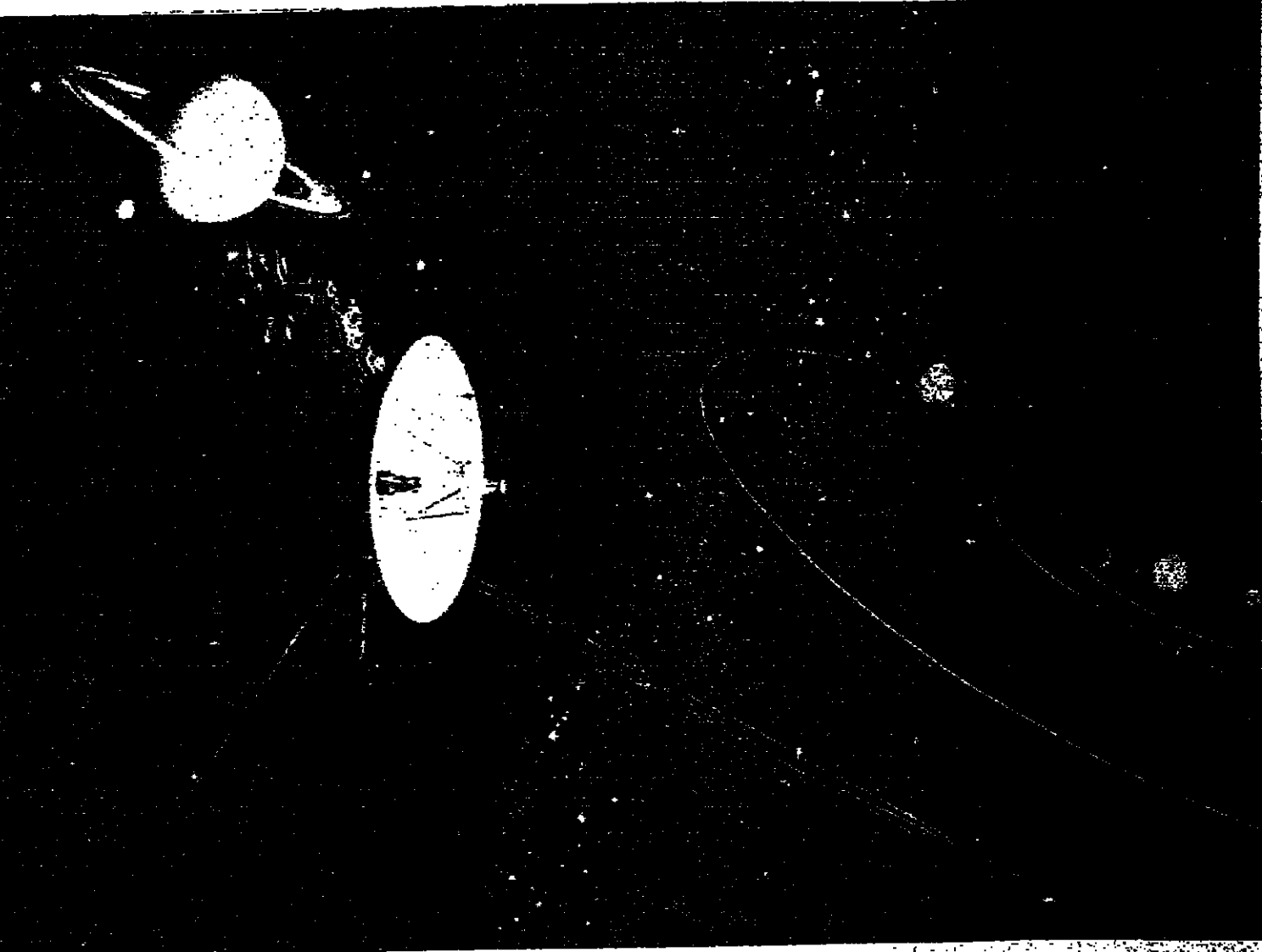
For reservations phone 41334, 41430, 41873 or contact your LATA Travel Agent.

Jupiter's mysteries unravelled



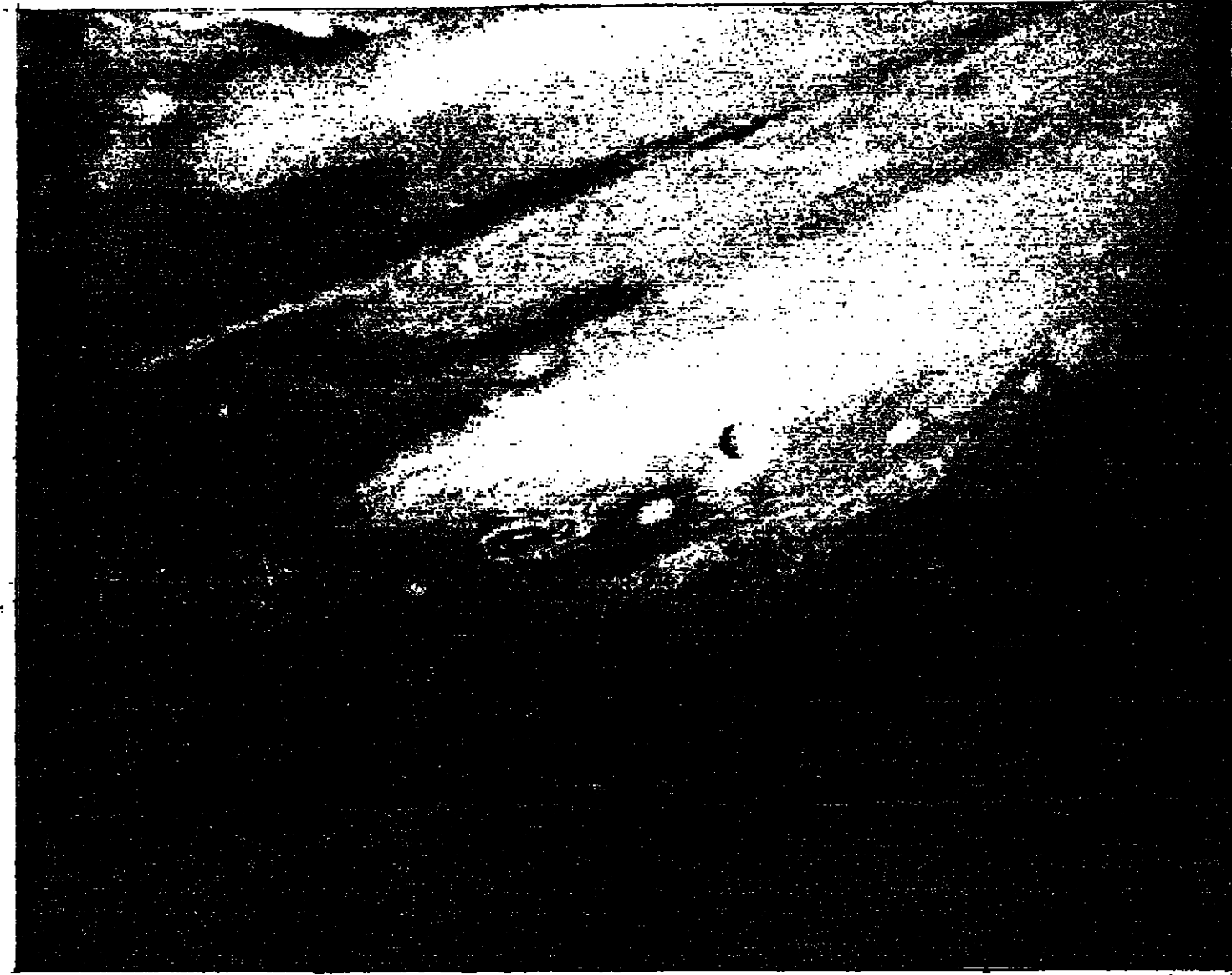
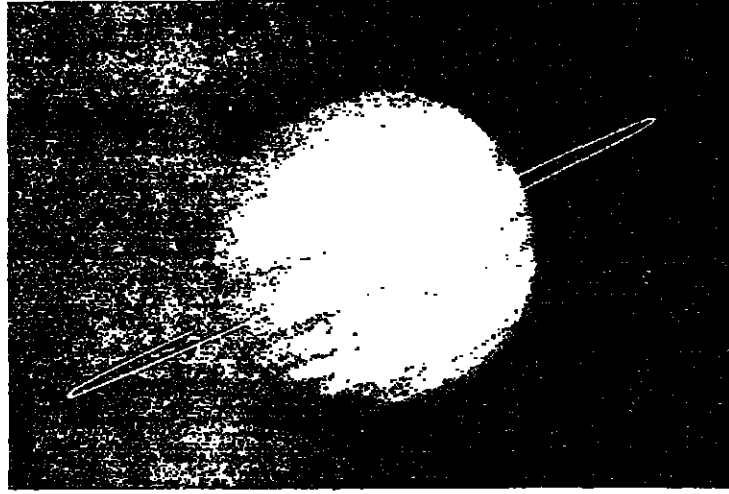
Billowing blast-off—a Titan-Centaur rocket starts one of the Voyager spacecraft on its long trip toward Jupiter. The two robots were launched about two weeks apart from the Kennedy Space Center in Florida.

America's Voyager-1 spacecraft climaxed an 18-month journey through space with a highly productive fly-by of Jupiter. It then used that celestial body's strong gravity to catapult itself toward a rendezvous with Saturn in mid-1980. Approaching within 277,000 kilometres of the Jovian surface, the 816-kilogramme robot sent back a series of spectacular colour photos of the planet and many of its 14 moons. In addition to two television cameras, it carried 11 other scientific instruments. The wealth of images and data transmitted from Jupiter has greatly excited programme scientists at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Pasadena, California. But there is more to come. Voyager-2, an identical craft, is due to pass by the planet in August. (International Communication Agency)

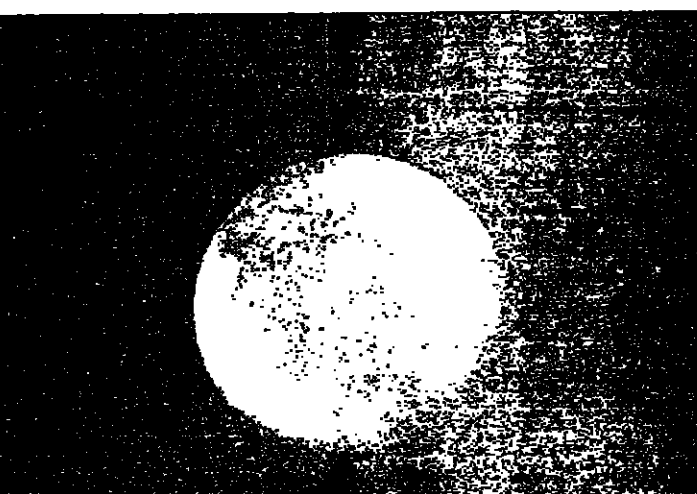


Future course—Drawing of the Voyager-1 spacecraft as it passes Saturn in mid-1980 on its way toward the unknown regions of outer space.

One of the major discoveries of the Voyager-1 mission was the first evidence of a ring around Jupiter. It appears as a broad light band in its view (top) from a distance of 13 million kilometres. Background stars trace wavy pattern because of spacecraft motion during the 11-minute-plus exposure time. The ring is believed to be about 30 kilometres thick and to encircle about 57,000 kilometres above the visible cloud deck (drawn below).



Two of Jupiter's satellites, Io (left) and Europa (right), are seen in this view of the planet's stormy southern hemisphere from a distance of about 20 million kilometres. Io orbits about 350,000 kilometres from Jupiter, and Europa about 670,000 kilometres above the surface.

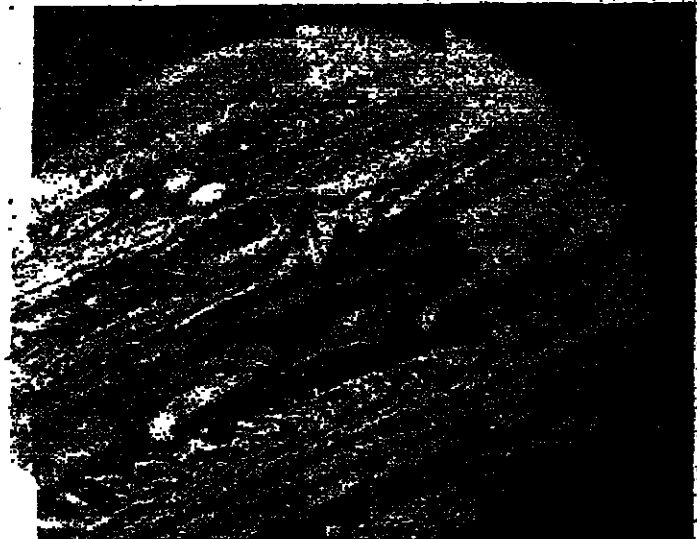


EUROPA—The fourth smallest Jovian satellite, Europa, is seen from a distance of about two million kilometres. The bright areas are probably ice deposits while dark areas may be a mixture of ice and rocks. The most unusual feature is the system of long linear structures, possibly surface fractures, crossing in various directions. Some are over a thousand kilometres long.



Over the clouds—The moon Io appears suspended over the Jovian surface in this view from about 8.3 million kilometres.

Nine individual photos, taken through a violet filter from a distance of 7.8 million kilometres, were assembled for this mosaic of Jupiter. Distortions, especially noticeable at the horizon, are caused by rotation of the planet during the 96-second intervals between individual frames.



The face of Jupiter's largest satellite, Ganymede, shows light and dark markings interspersed with bright spots. The large darkish area near the centre of the satellite is crossed by irregular light streaks somewhat similar to rays seen on our own Moon. Ganymede, though slightly larger than the planet Mercury, has a density almost three times less than Mercury, leading scientists to believe it probably consists in large part of ice. View is from a distance of about 3.4 million kilometres.

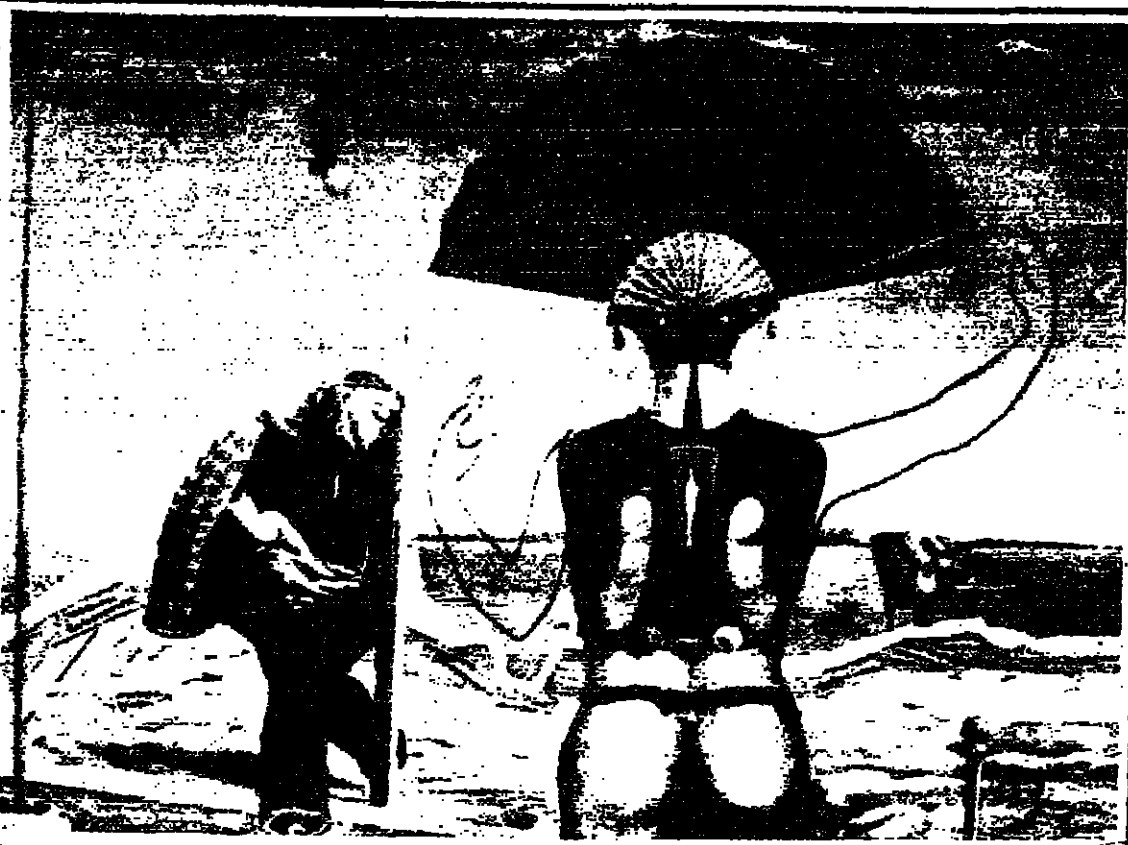


Ruddy feature—Jupiter's Great Red Spot (upper right) and the turbulent region west of its present swirl of colours in this Voyager-1 view from five million kilometres. At middle right is one of several white ovals on the Jovian surface visible from Earth.



الجزء الثاني

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JUMBLE

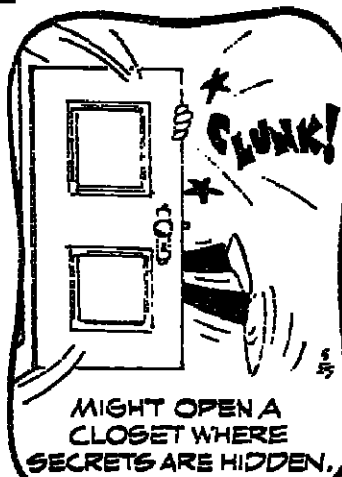
Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

TABOL

NELEK

ENICKS

LEWLOY



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Answer here: A

Yesterday's Jumbles CHIDE MOCHA UNWISE EROTIC
Answer Tells the billboard what to do and what where—"AD-HERE!"

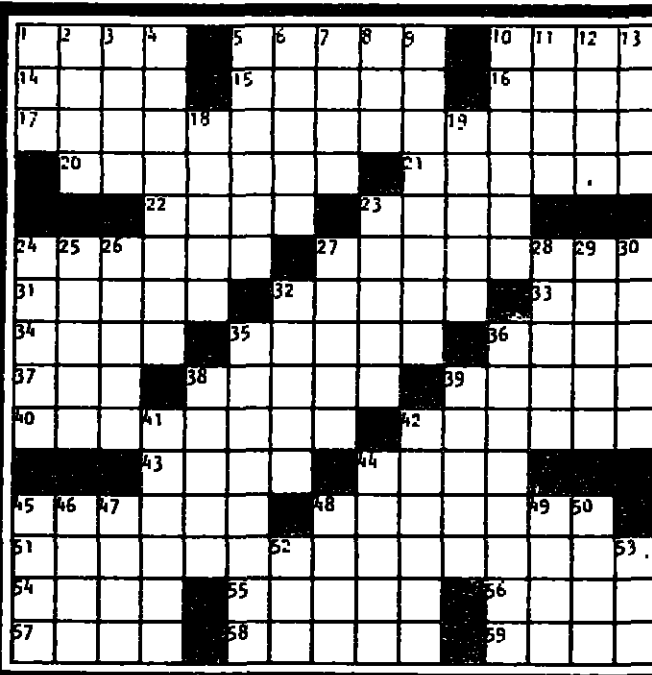
THE Daily Crossword

by Jeanette K. Brill

ACROSS	31 More au- thentic	43 Der - (Adenauer)	18 Willow
1 Cornmeal	32 "West Side Story" song	44 Six Sp.	19 Showy flower
5 Saraband	33 Woodsman's tool	45 Abele	23 Day at the movies
10 Mine tunnel	34 Deserters	46 Warm sea- sons	24 Take - (go on a tour)
14 Great Bar- rier Island	35 Architecture style	51 Mark Twain	25 Talk fool- ishly
15 Howe	36 Source of int.	54 Acute	26 - space shrub
16 Liana	37 Follower: suff.	55 West coast work	27 Worries
17 Rude awak- ening of sorts	38 Transporta- tion sys- tem	56 - dire	28 Street show
20 Gigantic	39 Foamy top of a wave	57 Christian	29 Be
21 Plaid cloth	40 Perseveres	58 Nelson of song	30 Hollows
22 Wing: Fr.	41 Armadas	59 Nelson of song	31 Carlo
23 Lairs			32 Suffering
24 Highest point			33 Keep safe from harm
27 Forced into an awkward position			34 Fragrant tree

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

1 Roman sun
god
2 Tiny par-
ticle
3 Tableland
4 Excerpts
5 Sully
6 Sprightly
7 Baseball
team
8 Fire
9 Private
10 Reluctant
11 Force
12 Peruvian
Indian
13 Four or six
follower



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Horoscope received

N BRIDGE

singleton somewhere. For the moment, we would content ourselves with three no trump. That protects our kings from a lead through, shows stoppers in the unbid suits and leaves us better placed to accept a slam invitation should partner act again.

Q.5—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠Q7 ♥AQ8 ♦K982 ♣J743
The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 ♥ Pass Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—We would not contemplate allowing the opponents to buy the hand for one heart. However, a takeout double might not work out well if partner gets rambunctious in spades. We suggest you bid one no trump—in the balancing seat, that shows a hand of only opening bid strength or slightly less.

Q.6—Both vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠83 ♥Q7 ♦KQ1072 ♣A954
The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 ♠ 2 ♥ Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—To overcall at the two-level vulnerable, partner must have a pretty fair hand. Indeed, with a third trump we would feel justified in raising to four hearts. Lacking that trump, however, may present partner with some handling problems, so we think a raise to three hearts is ample. Facing a two-level overcall, your queen doubleton is sufficient support.

Q.7—North-South vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠9852 ♦K72 ♣AQ8742
The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 ♥ 1 ♠ Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—Pass. Don't try before you are hurt. There is no reason to suspect that anything disastrous is going to happen to partner. If you try to correct to three clubs you are simply sticking your neck out, for partner promises you no more clubs than you have hearts.

Q.8—Neither vulnerable, as South you hold:
♠52 ♥AQ6 ♦Q872 ♣9763
The bidding has proceeded:
West North East South
1 ♥ 1 ♠ Pass ?

What action do you take?
A.—There is a temptation to respond one no trump, both to protect your queen of hearts from the opening lead and to show partner some values but scant support for his suit. However, you really should have a better hand for that action, so, for the moment, we recommend a pass to see how the auction develops.

& ABOUT



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Street Tel. 82111. Inhab Baghdad Street
Tel. 2408. Nazra opposite the uni-
versity Tel. 20. Madaba King Abdullah
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KERAK, Kerak opposite Ajloun cross-
road, Swedeh.

in above columns contact
"SOURA" Tel. 38869
m. to 1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

Peanuts



Andy Capp



Flintstones



JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3:	CHANNEL 4:
5:30 Ustun	5:30 French programme
5:45 Cartoon	7:00 News in French
6:00 Children's programme	7:30 News in Hebrew
6:30 French language	8:30 Comedy
6:40 Adventure	10:10 The Uncles Line
7:10 Return to Peyton Place	10:30 News in English
7:40 News in Arabic	10:45 Backstage at the White House
8:30 Arabic series	
9:30 A seminar	
10:15 Backstage at the White House	
11:00 News in Arabic	

RADIO JORDAN

7:30 Sign on	14:00 News bulletin
7:30 Morning show	14:10 Music
7:30 News Bulletin	14:30 In Concert
7:40 Morning show	15:00 Concert hour
10:00 News headlines	15:00 News summary
10:00 Morning show	16:00 Easy listening
10:30 Faces and Places	16:10 Old favourites
11:00 Sign off	17:00 The Boston Pops
12:00 Sign on and news headlines	17:00 News Summary
12:00 Radiotheque	18:00 Play of the week
13:00 News summary	19:00 Radio News
13:00 Radiotheque	19:10 Sports Reports
	19:30 Sign off

BBC RADIO

GMT:	12:30 Network U.K.
04:00 Newscast	13:45 Hurry for Hollywood
04:30 Date with a Disc	14:30 Let's Go Latin
04:45 Intertitle, Reflections	15:00 Radio Newscast
05:00 News, 24 Hours	15:15 Outlook
05:30 The Spinners	16:00 News, Commentary
05:45 World Today	16:15 On the Street Where They Live
06:00 Newscast	16:30 English Song
06:30 Benny Green's Album Time	16:45 World Today
07:00 News, 24 Hours	17:00 News, Book Choice
07:30 Date with a Disc	17:15 Discovery
07:45 Report on Religion	17:45 Sports Round-up
08:00 News, Reflections	18:00 News: News about Britain
08:30 News, Press Review	18:15 Radio Newscast
09:15 World Today	18:30 Top Twenty
09:30 Intertitle	19:00 Outlook, News Summary
09:40 Look Ahead	19:30 Stock Market
09:45 Offbeat with Braden	19:45 Date with a Disc
10:15 Nature Notebook	20:00 News, 24 Hours
10:30 Sports International	20:30 A Life of Space
11:00 News, News about Britain	21:00 Network U.K.
11:15 Poetry and Music	21:15 International Soccer
11:30 Farming World	22:00 News: World Today
12:00 Radio Newscast	22:25 Financial News
12:15 30 minute Theatre	22:55 Book choice: Reflections
12:45 Sports Round-up	23:45 Sports Round-up
13:00 News, 24 hours	23:50 News, Commentary

VOICE OF AMERICA

GMT:	19:00 News Roundup, reports, updates, analysis
01:30 The Breakfast Show	19:30 VOA Magazine, Americana, opinion, culture, letters
06:30 News Centre	20:00 Special English: news, opinion, analysis
17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analysis	20:15 Music USA (Jazz)
17:30 Dateline	21:00 VOA World Report
18:00 Special English news feature "The Making of Nation"	22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analysis
18:30 News Music USA	

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS:	DEPARTURES:
7:45 Bangkok, Bahrain (RJGF)	7:45 Damascus, London (BA)
8:00 Doha, Abu Dhabi	7:45 Beirut (MEA)
8:30 Kuwait	9:00 Beirut (MEA)
10:15 Beirut	9:00 Frankfurt
12:05 Kuwait (KAC)	9:30 Rome
12:40 Riyadh (SDI)	11:30 Geneva, Brussels, Amsterdam
13:30 New York	12:30 Athens, Copenhagen
17:30 London, Vienna	13:00 Kuwait (KAC)
17:50 Cairo (EAT)	13:40 Riyadh, Dhahran (SDI)
18:15 Rome	17:00 Damascus
18:45 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)	18:55 Cairo (EAT)
18:45 Madrid, Athens	20:00 Cairo
19:00 Baghdad (IA)	20:00 Baghdad (IA)
19:40 Paris	20:00 Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ GF)
19:45 Damascus	21:10 Jeddah
21:15 Frankfurt	21:15 Kuwait
21:30 Dhahran	21:30 Bahrain (MEA)
19:45 Beirut (MEA)	23:59 Bangkok, Bahrain (RJ GF)
01:30 Cairo	

EMERGENCIES

Doctors:	Al Salan (26730)
Amman:	Brick
Frag Jale (25041)	Muzmar
Mahmoud Anar	Zargat
Zargat	Al Salan
Mubarak Hijazi (21217)	Frax (23427)
Brick	Al Urdun (23050)
Samir Binyamin	Basman (25736)
Pharmacies:	Wasm (26231)
Amman:	
Al Hanaah (24 hrs 26571)	

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre	Tel. 41520
British Council	36147-26
French Cultural Centre	37048
Geelie Institute	41993
Saudi Cultural Centre	42703
Spanish Cultural Centre	24649
Hana Arts Centre	65145
Haus of Youth City	67141
Y.W.C.A.	41793
Y.W.M.C.A.	64255
Arman Municipal Library	36111
Universities of Jordan Library	65111
Hotel Museum	36101
Frederick Museum	36101

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Amman)

Ambulance (government)	Tel. 5111
Civil defence rescue	34301-4
Jordan Electric Force	37048
Municipal water service	37111-3
Police headquarters	39141
Spoken 24 hours a day for emergency	21111, 37777
Airport information (AIA)	55205
Jordan Television	73111
Radio, English Section	74124
Faxiad, fire, police	16
File headquarters	23606

CULTURAL CENTRES (Damascus)

Al Hana Theatre	Tel. 226-448
Al Sh'ib Art Gallery	226-527
Armenian Centre	552-462
Arabic Cultural Centre	333-727
Bulgarian Cultural Centre	333-901
British Cultural Centre	333-594
German Democratic Republic Cultural Centre	333-932
French Cultural Centre	330-694
Kabuki Theatre	322-016
National Museum	114-854
Soviet Cultural Centre	225-650
Spanish Cultural Centre	334-003
Ukrainian Art Gallery	334-619
Zabaryia Public Library	111-318
West German Cultural Institute	224-954

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Damascus)

Ambulance (government)	Tel. 90
Chamber of Commerce	118-339
Electric Power Co. (repair)	223-887
Fire headquarters	91
Information	9507
Municipal water service	112-510
Time (in Arabic)	99

Mauritanian premier, 11 others killed as plane plunges into sea

DAKAR, May 28 (Agencies)—Rescuers were today trying to recover the wreck of a military plane which crashed off the Senegalese coast killing Mauritanian Premier Ahmed Ould Bouceif and 11 others, the Senegalese New Agency reported.

The turbo-prop, twin-engined De Havilland aircraft was lying in shallow water off the village of Yoff, not far from Dakar International Airport, the agency said. The plane plunged into the sea yesterday after a sandstorm hampered visibility at Dakar Airport. The premier's death was officially announced in the Mauritanian capital of Nouakchott last night and the government decreed 40 days of official mourning. The statement also said the other victims included the country's recently-appointed ambassador to Paris, a member of the

ruling Military Committee of National Salvation, an aide, two journalists and the five crew members. Informed sources said the Mauritanian army transport plane circled over Dakar Airport and received landing permission but the pilot told the control tower he could not land because of poor visibility. Coastal villagers then spotted it flying at rooftop level before apparently crashing into the sea, only half an hour after leaving Nouakchott. Lieutenant-colonel Bouceif, 45, had been premier for under two months and was regarded as the military strongman of the Mauritanian Government. A former chief of staff of the armed forces, he came to power in a radical government reshuffle in

which leading civilians were removed from the cabinet. He was flying to Dakar to attend an economic summit of west African states which was postponed until tonight because the sandstorm eventually closed the city's airport. As prime minister, he gave a new impetus to diplomatic moves to bring peace to the Western Sahara, a former Spanish colony which was ceded to Morocco and Mauritania three years ago. Algerian-backed Polisario guerrillas have mounted a violent campaign for the independence of the region. Senegalese President Leopold Sedar Senghor last night sent a message of condolence to President Moustapha Ould Salek of Mauritania. Meanwhile, Development Minister Colonel Ahmed Salem Ould Sidi was named acting prime minister today. President Salek said the Military Committee of National Salvation would meet soon to designate Mr. Bouceif's permanent successor.

'Vance will not serve 2nd term'

ROME, May 28 (R)—Cyrus Vance will not serve a second term as U.S. Secretary of State even if President Carter wins re-election, according to a senior American official.

The official was speaking to reporters aboard Mr. Vance's aircraft as it flew from Israel to Rome last night. He said President Carter had known for some time that Mr. Vance wanted to return to private life after four years as secretary of state.

Mr. Vance will be almost 65 when President Carter's first term expires in January, 1981. A former deputy secretary of defence, he practices law in New York City when not in government service.

The official said the secretary wanted to concentrate during the remainder of his term on Third World problems rather than on "crisis diplomacy."

Much of Mr. Vance's time in the coming months will undoubtedly be occupied with such problems as southern Africa and getting the new Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty with the Soviet Union ratified by the U.S. Senate, the official said.

But he added that more emphasis would be placed on areas which had not received enough attention in the past.

UNCTAD 'widely divided' as 4th, final week begins

MANILA, May 28 (R)—Delegates from more than 150 countries go into their fourth and final week of trade talks here today, still pessimistic at reaching agreement on how to spread the world's wealth.

After more than three weeks of negotiations, the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) remains widely divided on basic issues.

One such unresolved question is how trade can be liberalised for the benefit of poorer states without upsetting the economic growth of the richer ones.

There are many areas of agreement on principles, delegates say, but wide gaps remain on methods of action and on crucial questions such as the rising price of oil.

Other possible areas of conflict between developing and developed countries are the role of international corporations and the freer transfer of Western technology which East European states also seek.

Delegates stress that the conference might be extended by two or three days or go into all-night sessions in attempts to reach compromises or at least agreement to study outstanding issues which

would be negotiated later.

Much of the past four days has been dominated by a row within the developing nations' Group of 77 from Africa, Latin America and Asia, on whether the price of oil and its adverse impact on their growth should be put on the agenda.

It appeared settled on Friday night by a compromise to continue private discussions on oil pricing outside the UNCTAD framework. But then a resolution from the Western nations reopened the issue with a call for all countries to take steps to improve the balance of supply and demand for energy.

Some of the more militant Middle East oil producers see any mention of the issue as inappropriate at UNCTAD. They oppose discussion of the question with the industrialised world, which they say is passing on the rising prices in its exports to the poorer countries.

In turn, the Western nations were surprised by what one delegate described as the confrontational nature of the Third World resolution on basic development strategy for the coming decade.

'Beginning of end' of white minority rule Rhodesia to elect black president

SALISBURY, May 28 (R)—The beginning of the end of white minority rule in Rhodesia starts today, with the country's new government plucked by dissension and war even before it assumes office.

The bi-racial government of national unity due to take power on Friday has been reduced by bitterness and argument from four planned participants to two in the 34 days since the country's first one-man, one-vote elections.

The coalition cabinet will now comprise only members of the United African National Council (UANC) of prime minister-elect Bishop Abel Muzorewa and of the white Rhodesian Front of outgoing Premier Ian Smith.

The United National Federal Party (UNFP) of Chief Kayisa Ndweni dropped out last night after a disagreement with the UANC. In addition, the Zimbabwe African National Union (ZANU) faction of Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole has cold-shouldered the handover from white rule since the UANC election victory was announced.

Alongside the disunity in parliamentary ranks, the six-year guerrilla war appears to be raging unabated, despite the approach of mainly black rule. Military communiques have announced more than 140 dead in the past three days, including nine black villagers reported by military headquarters to have been massacred by guerrillas on Saturday night.

The handover of white rule after 88 years and eight months begins today, when black and white members of parliament and senators vote for the black president of Zimbabwe Rhodesia.

The likely winner is Josiah Gumede, a 60-year-old former headmaster, civil servant and diplomat nominated by the UANC. He is opposed by a retired teacher, Timothy Ndlovu, 51, of the UNFP.

The UNFP said in a statement last night that it would not take up its two places in the cabinet and that its nine MPs would operate as an opposition bloc.

Mr. Sithole's group has declared it will not take up its 12 seats or its two places in the cabinet until the high court has considered a petition that the election was rigged in favour of the UANC. The party has so far not presented its evidence to the court.

The bickering could damage the government's standing internationally as it struggles for recognition, the lifting of trade sanctions and an end to the war. But political sources said the boycotts would leave the UANC in an even more powerful position domestically.

The president and prime minister-designate Bishop Muzorewa will be sworn in tomorrow and the cabinet will be named on Wednesday.

The end of outright power by a quarter million whites over almost seven million blacks will come at midnight on Thursday and the new state of Zimbabwe Rhodesia comes into being on Friday.

The Patriotic Front guerrilla alliance has pledged to continue its war from bases in Zambia and Mozambique, arguing that the new administration provides for such a powerful measure of white influence that it will merely amount to white rule behind the black facade.

Arrival of refugees in Hong Kong totals record 7,000 in past week

HONG KONG, May 28 (R)—More than 1,000 Vietnamese refugees sailed into Hong Kong yesterday as officials questioned 1,400 others who deliberately ran a crewless Panamanian freighter on to a beach the day before.

Hong Kong's refugee population has swelled to 37,000 with a record 7,000 arriving in the past week—the highest since the Vietnam War ended four years ago.

As officials probed the mystery of the grounded 800-ton freighter Sen On, 1,209 more Vietnamese sailed in aboard 15 fishing boats.

The refugees on the freighter forced it ashore after the captain and seven-man crew had fled the night before on a junk that picked them up at the mouth of the Pearl River.

The freighter's log book had disappeared and its passengers claimed they paid about \$4,000 each to leave Vietnam.

Police suspected a syndicate was involved in the voyage of the Sen On, which is believed to be Hong Kong-owned and manned by Chinese seamen but registered in Panama.

The freighter had been under suspicion for some time by a special unit set up here to track "rogue ships" that might dabble in the highly lucrative refugee trade. The stream of refugees taking advantage of favourable monsoon

winds is proving a huge immigration headache for this overcrowded British colony, one of the world's most densely populated cities.

Another group of 982 Vietnamese refugees rescued at sea are aboard the British freighter

Sinbonga in international waters just outside Hong Kong.

The local authorities are urging Britain to accept the shipwrecked refugees. But the new Conservative government in London has said it is not prepared to enter into an open-ended commitment

Dutch tribunal to begin inquiry into 1977 air crash which killed 583

THE HAGUE, May 28 (R)—A public inquiry opens today into the world's worst air disaster—the collision between two jumbo jets at Tenerife Airport in the Canary Islands in March 1977.

The crash between tourist-packed Boeing 747s of the American company Panam and the Dutch national airline KLM cost 583 lives.

Spanish and Dutch investigators have disagreed over the causes of the collision on a fog-bound runway.

Ten experts were due to give evidence to the inquiry which will be conducted by the Netherlands Aviation Court, an independent tribunal set up in the mid-1950s.

Court sources said that the experts did not include Spanish or United States witnesses, and a Spanish Embassy source said Spain would not be officially represented.

The hearing is expected to last for two days, and the findings will be announced in three to six weeks' time, the court sources said.

A Spanish Government report issued last October said the main cause of the disaster was that KLM Captain Jacob Veldhuyzen van Zanten took off without authorisation, ramming the Panam plane.

The report said that the captain, who was killed together with all people in his plane, disobeyed an order from the control tower to stand by for take-off.

But Dutch officials said the report was biased and ignored

evidence provided by the Netherlands Government.

Mr. Hans Raben, director-general of the Dutch Transport Ministry's Aviation Service, said Dutch investigators had found that the KLM crew were convinced they had received permission from the control tower for take off.

The Spanish report will be one of the documents submitted to the Dutch inquiry.

Convention of Turkey's ruling party musters show of support for Ecevit

ANKARA, May 28 (R)—Turkish Premier Bulent Ecevit retained the chairmanship of Turkey's ruling left-of-centre Republican People's Party (RPP) at the party's twice-yearly convention which ended yesterday.

Despite considerable opposition within the party to many of his policies, there was no other official candidate for the chairmanship and Mr. Ecevit received 1,218 of the 1,347 delegates' votes. The convention also backed Mr. Ecevit's choices for the party's 20-man executive board.

The convention was marred by ugly scenes of Friday when Mr. Ecevit was forced to intervene to stop a fist-fight among members of the RPP youth branch. Turkish newspapers the following day published big colour pictures of young delegates with black eyes and bloody noses.

The convention's support came as a welcome boost for Mr. Ecevit, who is under daily attack from right-wing opposition leader Suleyman Demirel because of Turkey's serious economic crisis and continuing political violence.

In the past month, Mr. Ecevit also came under heavy attack from both the country's private sector and the largest left-wing trade union confederation. Turkish industrialists placed full-page advertisements in newspapers attacking his economic policies.

The Confederation of Revolutionary Trade Unions reacted strongly against the imprisonment of ten of its leaders for trying to defy a martial law ban on May Day rallies. The leaders were subsequently freed but may yet face charges.

Meanwhile, Turks yesterday celebrated the 17th anniversary of the 1960 military coup which overthrew the hated Democratic

World News Briefs

China, Vietnam hold 2nd prisoner exchange

PEKING, May 28 (R)—China and Vietnam today turned over a second exchange of prisoners captured in their border war earlier this year. China handed over 118 sick and wounded Vietnamese in Friendship Pass and received 20 Chinese in return, the New China News Agency reported. The prisoner exchanges began on May 28 and the two sides have agreed there will be five swaps, the last June 22.

EEC blamed for collapse of talks with ACP

NAIROBI, Kenya, May 28 (AP)—Talks in Brussels between European Common Market and 57 African, Caribbean and Pacific (ACP) countries on a new trade and aid pact broke down over weekend after a "take-it-or-leave-it" offer by the EEC. Kenyan representative said here today. Robert Ouko, economic planner, said the talks had broken off without agreement on an aid pact. Mr. Ouko, speaking shortly after his return from Brussels, said the talks had collapsed because of the EEC's demand that ACP's major demands. "We wanted the EEC to increase its aid to over \$1 billion; but they stood at \$677 million and told us to take leave it," Mr. Ouko said. The EEC also rejected the ACP's demand that their goods enjoy free access to the Common Market countries, wanted the restrictions relaxed because their goods account for eight per cent of EEC imports," he said.

Spain reduces Armed Forces Day celebration

SEVILLE, Spain, May 28 (AP)—King Juan Carlos and an estimated crowd of 250,000 watched a military parade in this southern Spanish city yesterday following several days of sectarian violence. A 12,000 army, navy and air force troops passed in review before King on the third annual commemoration of Armed Forces Day. Ceremonies scheduled in other parts of the country were cancelled, mourning for three top army officers killed Friday by the Basque separatist organisation in "downtown Madrid." An eight persons died late Saturday when a bomb exploded in a Maccafery. Police said 40 persons suffered injuries in the blast in a habitual meeting place of members of the right-wing New Spain Party. No group has claimed responsibility for the blast.

U.S. newspapers to open bureaus in Peking

PEKING, May 28 (R)—Four American newspapers have been permitted to open bureaus in Peking, informed sources said. They are the New York Times, Washington Post, Los Angeles Times and Wall Street Journal. They will be the first U.S. newspaper station full-time correspondents here. Two American news agencies, the Associated Press and the United Press International, have bureaus in Peking for several weeks. U.S. Embassy sources said Chinese have asked for visas to send Washington correspondents for the People's Daily. China's main newspaper and the organ of the Communist Party. The two countries established diplomatic relations on Jan. 1 and exchanged ambassadors on March 1.

Censorship lifted from pro-Bhutto publication

ISLAMABAD, May 28 (R)—Pakistan's military regime lifted censorship yesterday on several newspapers and magazines, which ported former prime minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, executed month. Mr. Bhutto's widow and daughter are still under house arrest although army ruler General Zia-ul-Haq said recently that would be released soon. Yesterday, the daily newspaper Duniya Rawalpindi printed a picture of Mr. Bhutto for the first time since he was hanged. Censorship that imposed seven months ago, was lifted from the "Labour" edition of the "newspaper" Musawwar—mouthpiece of Mr. Bhutto's Pakistan Peoples Party, the weekly Viewpoint. The move follows the recent release of prominent leaders of the Peoples Party, some of whom had detained for more than a year.

Party government and led creation of the present situation in 1961.

In a message for "Freedom Constitution Day," Mr. said the 1960 coup was "an attempt of the Turkish nation to preserve democracy, enlarge and improve it."

Armed forces chief General Kenan Evren is warning, apparently, against Kurdish nationalists in Turkey. "Those who shed blood of their own brothers to sacrifice the integrity of their country for their own had find the armed forces against them."

Martial law has been in effect of Turkey's 67 provinces last December due to political sectarian riots and was by last month to a further six provinces after separatist in the Kurdish areas.

Greece to sign treaty of accession to EEC

ATHENS, May 28 (R)—Greece, the cradle of European civilisation, today signs a treaty of accession to the European Economic Community, which will make it the tenth member on Jan. 1, 1981. It is the climax to years of effort by Premier Constantine Karamanlis to take his country into the Common Market, thereby hoping to ensure not only increased prosperity, but also that Greece never again comes under a dictatorship.

French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing will sign the treaty on behalf of the Community at the marble Zappeion exhibition hall in the shadow of the 2,500-year-old Acropolis. The ceremony will also be attended by five prime ministers and the foreign ministers of the nine EEC partners.

The two main opposition parties, the pan-Hellenic socialist movement of Andreas Papandreu and the Moscow-oriented Greek Communist Party, have decided to boycott the ceremony. They claim that in the EEC, Greece will become a European colony, controlled from Brussels and subservient to European monopolies and cartels.

Premier Karamanlis believes entry into the EEC will consolidate Greek democratic institutions and ward off the likelihood of another military dictatorship, because under the Community's founding Treaty of Rome a non-democratic country would be expelled.

His government says there are also economic benefits of joining. Greece will receive substantial aid from the common agricultural policy, possibly as much as \$1.8 billion in the first five years. The

government says Greece will also benefit from the technological know-how of its advanced EEC partners.

Many Greeks also believe that accession to the EEC will minimise the possibility of a conflict with neighbouring Turkey, which is a possible future member of the community.

Along with the treaty of accession, Greece will also sign an act concerning the conditions of accession. After the signing, the Greek parliament and those of the nine EEC states will have to ratify the accession agreement before Greece becomes a member in 1981.

There will be five-year transition period before Greece can enjoy the benefits of full membership. It will be seven years, however, before Greek workers have free movement within the EEC and two Greek agricultural products—tomato paste and peaches—have unrestricted access to EEC markets.

But from 1981, Greece will take part in the Community budget and will send 24 elected deputies to the European Parliament. The Brussels Commission will be expanded from 13 to 14 members to include one Greek commissioner, and a Greek judge will be appointed to the Luxembourg-based European Court of Justice.

EEC nations will go to the polls

By Graham Heathcote

LONDON — Voters in nine Western European countries have a chance to cast a ballot next month in elections without precedent in world history.

The poll among national or regional candidates in each country will be for an international, European parliament to represent the 260 million inhabitants of the nine member-states of the European Economic Community, better known as the Common Market.

Thirty-five years ago, the 100-million electors and their parents were at each other's throats in World War II.

For a continent often ravaged by war, the June 7-10 poll is an historic event, even though it may not yet have stirred the voter interest of national elections.

Statesmen and other visionaries, like Britain's late war-time leader, Sir Winston Churchill, yearned for a Europe united in peace and prosperity. An elected European parliament is a step toward that dream.

Looking to the future in October 1942, Churchill wrote to Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden: "Hard as it is to see now, I trust that the European family may act unitedly as one. I look forward to a United States of Europe. I hope to

Common Market countries will vote in elections next month for a European parliament. Observers say political initiatives beyond the EEC are certain to develop.

see the economy of Europe studied as a whole. We shall have to work with the Americans in many ways and in the greatest ways, but Europe is our prime care."

The European Parliament, an elected body of 410, will sit in the French cathedral city of Strasbourg. The assembly's chief job will be watching over the running of the Common Market. Political initiatives beyond the market are certain to develop, observers say.

The Market is an economic union striving to harmonise economic and monetary development among the member states. It is administered by a commission headquartered in the Belgian capital of Brussels and every so often, government ministers of the nine countries decide policy at sessions of the Market's Council of Ministers. Scoffers predict the new par-

liament will be nothing more than a talking shop, without real powers and unable to direct the multi-billion dollar budget to the market.

Robert Jackson, one of the 280 British candidates in the EEC poll, rebuts the pessimists and recalls what the first U.S. president, George Washington, said in his farewell address in 1796: "Remember that time and habit are at least as necessary to fix the true character of government as of other human institutions."

The Community began life in the early 1950s as a coal and steel pact to pool resources between six countries whose heavy industries were exhausted in World War II—France, West Germany, Italy, Belgium, Holland and Luxembourg. Then they set up the Common Market in 1958. The six founders became nine when Britain, Denmark and the Irish

Republic joined in 1973.

They are constantly arguing with each other.

The British complain that the Market's policies have doubled food prices in Britain and forced them to pay burdensome subsidies to keep continental farmers in business.

The French and the Germans seem to be using the euro-poll campaign to pursue domestic political rivalries and as dress rehearsals for national elections. Danes complain that they never really wanted to join the Market, yet their country is the principal benefactor of membership, along with the Dutch and the Irish. All three have been assured markets and good prices for their farm produce and received sizable development grants from the Community budget.

There is no serious anti-Market sentiment in Holland or Ireland and candidates there say they hope to make the new parliament stronger than the old. Ireland, the poorest country of the nine, is being transformed by the Common Market; its economic growth rate of six to seven per cent is the highest in the Community.

All Italian parties, from the communists to the neo-fascists, favour European unity, but the feeling seems to be that the par-

liament is a meaningful development for a future generation.

Belgians and other Europeans hope the parliament will get stronger powers to make laws and control the whole Community budget, which is around \$18 billion this year. British and French critics say the parliament should be kept tame, so that the sovereign powers of their own parliaments won't be reduced. Luxembourg, which will share parliamentary sessions with Strasbourg when a large enough chamber is constructed, is a traditionalist for European integration, and is already the seat of several European institutions such as the Court of Justice and the Investment Bank.

June 7 will be polling day in Britain, Denmark, Holland and Ireland and June 10 in the other six countries, but counting won't start until all the polls close.

Most voters will have a choice between the same parties that run in national elections: conservatives or Christian democrats on the right, socialists or labourites on the left and liberals in the middle. The socialists were the largest group in the old parliament, and probably will be in the new one, but could be outflanked by a conservative alliance.

Scores of minor parties and

independents are in the Candidates include Czech communist exile Jiri Pelikang as a socialist in Italy von Hapsburg, son of Austria's emperor, and member of the Christian Social Union in Germany, former British minister Barbara Castle, all are critics of the Common Market and Northern Irish Republican leader Martin McGuinness, who has campaigned against British troops in Northern Ireland.

The composition of the new parliament will be roughly equal between France, Germany and Italy, with 25 Belgians, 24 Danes, 13 Dutch, 12 Irish, 10 British and 9 Luxembourgians.

The Euro-parliament will be paid by their governments at local rates from a levy of 30,000 francs on a high salary. The new parliament will be elected by universal suffrage in national elections, and will have a majority of 238 on the right, socialists or labourites on the left and liberals in the middle. The socialists were the largest group in the old parliament, and probably will be in the new one, but could be outflanked by a conservative alliance.

Scores of minor parties and

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